

1 x 230 V, 50/60 Hz





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Table of contents

# 1. General information

This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved.

Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.



**General information** 

Read this document before you install the product. Installation and operation must comply with local regulations and accepted codes of good practice.

# Hazard statements

The symbols and hazard statements below may appear in Grundfos installation and operating instructions, safety instructions and service instructions.



# Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious personal injury.

DANGER

WARNING

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious personal injury.



#### CAUTION

Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate personal injury.

The hazard statements are structured in the following way:



#### SIGNAL WORD Description of the hazard

Consequence of ignoring the warning

Action to avoid the hazard.

#### Notes

The symbols and notes below may appear in Grundfos installation and operating instructions, safety instructions and service instructions.



Observe these instructions for explosion-proof products.



A blue or grey circle with a white graphical symbol indicates that an action must be taken.



A red or grey circle with a diagonal bar, possibly with a black graphical symbol, indicates that an action must not be taken or must be stopped.



If these instructions are not observed, it may result in malfunction or damage to the equipment.



Tips and advice that make the work easier.



# 2. Pump versions

#### UPM3S

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control
UPM3S	XX-40/50/60	PWM A profile	-
UPM3S LIN	XX-60	LIN bus	-
UPM3S FLEX AS	XX-40/50/60	PWM A profile	CC/MAX
UPM3S AUTO	XX-60	-	PP/CP/CC/AA
UPM3S HYBRID	XX-60	PWM A/C profile	PP/CP/CC/AA

#### UPM3

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control	
UPM3(K) (N)	XX-40/50/60/70/75	PWM A profile for XX-50/60 PWM C profile for XX-70/75	-	
UPM3(K) LIN (N)	XX-75	LIN bus	-	
UPM3(K) FLEX AS (N)	XX-50/70/75	PWM A profile	CC/MAX	
UPM3(K) AUTO (N)	XX-50/70	-	PP/CP/CC/AA	
UPM3(K) SOLAR	XX-75/105/145	PWM C profile	CC	
UPM3(K) DHW	XX-20/50/70	PWM A profile	MAX	
UPM3(K) HYBRID (N)	XX-50/70	PWM A/C profile	PP/CP/CC/AA	

#### UPM3L

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control	
UPM3L(K)	XX-75	PWM A profile	-	
UPM3L(K) LIN	XX-75	LIN bus	-	
UPM3L(K) FLEX AS	XX-75	PWM A profile	MAX	
UPM3L(K) AUTO	XX-70	-	PP/CP/CC/AA	
UPM3L(K) HYBRID	XX-70	PWM A/C profile	PP/CP/CC/AA	

#### UPMO

Pump type	Туре	External control	Internal control
UPMO	XX-50/60/70	PWM A profile	CC/MAX

Other versions or housings with different dimensions, materials, design or functionality are available on request. Please contact your Grundfos HVAC OEM KAM

#### Abbrevations

PWM: Pulse-Width Modulation
PWM A/C: Externally controlled via PWM A or C profile
PP: Proportional pressure
CP: Constant pressure
CC: Constant curve
MAX: Maximum curve of PWM range
AA: AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub>
LIN: LIN bus (VDMA 24226)
N: Approved for drinking water

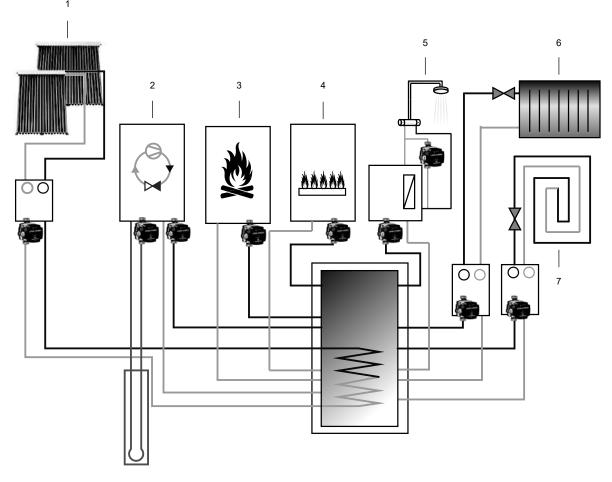
# 3. Applications

In a modern heating, cooling and domestic hot water supply system there are different circuits in which UPM3 pumps in different versions can be placed. A differentiation must be made between the heating (or cooling) production and the distribution.

On the production side there are some applications where pumps are used in primary or internal circuits e.g. for geothermal or solar thermal brine circuits.

The distribution side is often split into two circuits - a primary and a secondary circuit - in order to keep the flow and temperature independent from each other. A heat exchanger, a hydraulic separator or a buffer tank can be used for this separation.

For some heating generators (e.g. condensing boilers, heat pumps or district heating) it is important to keep the return temperature as low as possible. Therefore it is necessary to keep the right balance between flow in primary and secondary circuits. Without separator, the primary pump creates a differential pressure in the secondary circuits. A generator effect can happen in the secondary pump, from which UPM3 is protected. The primary pump is mostly integrated into the heating appliance and controlled via a digital signal (e.g. PWM) to ensure the optimum operation of the boiler, for instance.



Complete domestic heating system combined with renewable energy sources

Pos.	Description	Pos.
1	Solar charging kit	5
2	Geothermal heat pump	6
3	Solid fuel boiler	7
4	Gas fuel boiler	

	Pos.	Description
	5	Freshwater station
	6	Heating kit
	7	Underfloor heating kit
-		

TM072331

#### Recommended pump type according to application

	Application	Recommended type				
	Gas- or oil-fired space and combination heaters	UPM3, UPM3 LIN, UPM3 FLEX AS				
	Solid fuel heaters	UPM3 FLEX AS, UPM3 AUTO				
	Heat pumps (brine side)					
Heat production or heat transmission side	Heat pumps (heating side)	UPM3, UPM3 LIN, UPM3 FLEX AS				
	Mini combined heat and power cogeneration	UPM3, UPM3 LIN, UPM3 FLEX AS				
	Thermal solar system (collector side)	UPM3(K) SOLAR				
	District heating systems with heat exchanger	UPM3 FLEX AS, UPM3 AUTO				
	Space heating systems	UPM3 AUTO, UPM3 HYBRID				
	Space heating and cooling systems	UPM3(K) AUTO, UPM3(K) HYBRID				
Heat distribution side	Domestic hot water generation (heating side)	UPM3 FLEX AS				
	Domestic hot water generation (DW side)	UPM3(K) DHW				
	Domestic hot water recirculation	UPM3 DHW				

# Gas- or oil-fired space and combination heaters

Most of the installed systems for space and water heating in building services are still using fossil fuels such as natural gas or mineral oil, although the use of gas and liquid fuels out of biomass is increasing. Heaters with higher water content, such as floor-standing boilers, are heated independent of the actual flow. Heaters as wallmounted boilers are only fired when there is a minimum flow through the primary heat exchanger. In a combiboiler, the pump supplies both the heating system and the hot water supply.

More and more of these heaters are condensing boilers temperature-controlled by a weather-compensating system controller with different time programs, which means the central heating water temperature is often lower than the domestic hot water temperature. In systems with domestic hot water supply either as combination heaters with integrated DHW supply or with external DHW tank or heat exchanger there is a need to increase the medium temperature temporarily above DHW temperature level. In small residential buildings, the heating demand for DHW is higher than for space heating. Internal (or external) pumps for these primary circuits

must be controlled by the needs of the heaters to optimise the combustion conditions and the condensation process. Often this can only be guaranteed by using a variablespeed pump with external control signal from the boiler controller.

#### Solid fuel heaters

As most of these heaters use wood biomass such as pellets, split logs or wood chips, they can be seen as renewable energy and  $CO_2$  neutral. These heaters are mostly reacting slowly on different heat demands. For this reason, the liquid temperature might increase and there is a need for keeping the flow constant and for storing the energy in a buffer tank.

#### Heat pumps

Different types of heat pumps are on the market:

- Compressor heat pumps with electric or combustion motors
- Sorption heat pumps. Sorption is a physical-chemical process where either a liquid or a gas is absorbed by another liquid (absorption) or is retained by the surface of a solid object (adsorption). Both processes are reversible and only occur under certain conditions through physical effects (pressure, temperature). Often a pump with customised specification is installed inside such a process unit.

Primary pumps are depending on the heat transmission principle:

 Air-to-air heat pumps are often used in airconditioning systems

No pump is used.

 Air-to-water heat pumps for space heating and cooling or water heating

The heat source is mainly outdoor air down to an outside temperature of minus 20 °C. Its energy is mainly extracted directly by a fan-supplied air evaporator of the heat pump. Sometimes there is a primary brine circuit between an outdoor air unit and a brine-to-water heat pump. This circuit is circulated by a pump that must stand liquid temperatures down to minus 20 °C.

• Water-to-water heat pumps for space heating and cooling or water heating

The energy source can be groundwater between 7 and 12 °C. Groundwater is extracted mainly via a submersible pump in a supply well and returned via a return well. If its water quality is not guaranteed, there is a primary circuit between a heat exchanger and the heat pump. This circuit is circulated by a pump that must stand liquid temperatures down to plus 2 °C.

 Brine-to-water heat pumps for space heating and cooling or water heating

Horizontal ground collectors or probes set vertically into the ground deliver the ground-stored solar energy via a mixture of water and antifreeze (brine) to the evaporator of the heat pump. This circuit is circulated by a pump that

must stand liquid temperatures down to plus 2 °C or lower. For smaller heat pumps with a minimum brine temperature of +2 °C, we recommend UPM3K with PWM signal input.

The secondary pumps do not differ much from boiler applications. The liquid temperature is normally not above 60 °C, the differential temperature is mostly small, e.g.  $\Delta T$  5K. Constant-speed compressor heat pumps often require constant flow and long cycle times. A buffer tank can prolong the cycle time and make the flow through the heat pump independent of the flow in the heating distribution circle. Variable-speed compressors often go together with a variable-speed pump, which should be externally controlled by the heat pump controller.

# Micro/Mini combined heat and power cogeneration

Cogeneration of heat and power (CHP) can be divided into combustion engines, stirling engines and fuel cells. Dosing and pumps with customised specification are often installed inside the fuel cell process unit. Used secondary pumps are not that different from boiler applications. However, vibrations, liquid temperature and ambient temperature can be relatively high. Often a constant flow is required, therefore a buffer tank is an advantage.

## Thermal solar system

Solar collectors convert sunlight into heat that can be used for heating or domestic hot water supply of buildings. The primary circuit is only in use if there is a positive temperature difference between the collector and the heat exchanger or tank. In pressurised thermal solar systems, pumps must stand glycol-based solar liquids with a high temperature range from +2 °C up to 110 °C with short peaks of up to 130 °C. Rarely, during startup of the system, the liquid temperature can cause condensation in the pump. For this reason, the UPM3 SOLAR has a drain hole, which must point downwards. The required flow and head can vary depending on the sizing of the system components. In a drain-back system the pump must be able to fill up the system each time it starts, which means that the head must be as high as the geodetic height of the system top.

UPM3 SOLAR is designed to be integrated in all kinds of thermal solar systems with either variable (matched-flow) or constant flow. High-efficiency ECM pumps such as UPM3 must not be speed-controlled by an external speed controller varying or pulsing the supply voltage. The speed can be controlled by a low-voltage PWM C signal from a solar controller in order to optimise the solar harvesting and the temperature of the system. Additionally, the power consumption of the pump will be reduced considerably. If no PWM signal is available, UPM3 SOLAR can be set to constant speed, only switched on and off by the controller.

# District heating systems with heat exchanger

District heating systems supply all kinds of buildings with space heating and domestic hot water centrally or by flat stations. In systems with heat exchangers, the secondary pumps do not differ much from boiler applications, because system pressure and temperature values are equal.

# Space heating systems

The secondary pump is often a self-controlled stand-alone pump, which can be mounted in a heating kit, and responds to the changing flow demand of heat consumers like radiators or underfloor heating circuits. Providing the best operating conditions for all components, hydraulic balancing is important for well-performing hydraulic systems. Especially in two-pipe heating systems with thermostatic valves, hydraulic balancing helps to avoid noises, oversupply, undersupply, too high pump performance, and saves energy. If an automatic bypass valve is installed to ensure a minimum flow, you must adjust the differential pressure control of the pump in a way to ensure the function of the automatic bypass valve. For example, select a constant pressure curve that is higher than the differential pressure of the valve. The maximum liquid temperature and differential temperature depends on the system design.  $T_{\text{max}}$  is normally from 30 to 90 °C. ΔT is between 5 and 20 K.

# Combined space heating and cooling systems

Floor-heating or ceiling-cooling systems together with reversible heat pumps can heat rooms in winter and reduce the temperature of the room air by 4 to 6 degrees in summer with one system. When cooling the system, the liquid temperature must be kept above the dew point of the air to avoid condensing on the cooled floor, walls or ceilings. Condensation can occur in the pump occasionally. For this reason, it is recommended to use UPM3K pumps in such systems.

# Domestic hot water generation

In indirect heated DHW systems, the pump can be placed on both sides of the heat exchanger. In a DHW cylinder, potable water is stored and usually heated indirectly by primary heating water from the boiler either by an external plate heat exchanger or by an internal indirect coil. Especially in renewable energy sourced systems, the primary heating water is stored and instant hot water is created by fresh water stations.

## Domestic hot water recirculation

Hot water recirculation pumps circulate the potable water on the secondary side from the taps back to the water heater to ensure comfort and to avoid legionella. All pumps that come into contact with drinking water must be approved to be suitable for drinking water. UPM3 DHW are offered with either stainless steel or PPS housings, which are approved by KTW (DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR) and WRAS (GB).

# UPM3 - externally controlled variants

This pump range is designed for integration in boilers and other heating appliances with remote control of the speed, corresponding to UPM3 and UPM3 LIN variants.

#### **UPM3 - HYBRID variants**

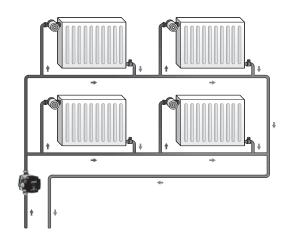
This pump range with operating panel is designed for several purposes:

- The internal-controlled variant can be used in heating appliances as stand-alone or replacement pump, for example in heating kits.
- The remote-controlled variant can be integrated in boilers and other heating appliances where the speed is changed, corresponding to low-voltage PWM signal input.
- A combination of both.

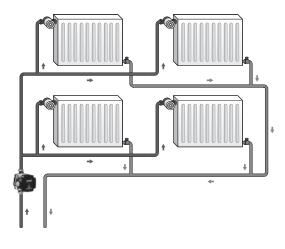
The internal-controlled variants are suitable for the following systems:

- Systems with constant or slightly variable flows such as one-pipe heating systems
- Systems with variable flows such as two-pipe heating systems with thermostatic valves for radiators or underfloor heating.

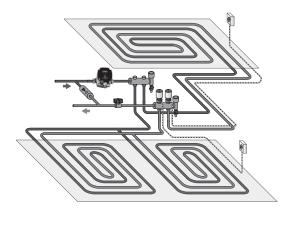
#### **Examples of systems**



One-pipe heating system



Two-pipe heating system



Underfloor heating system

3

TM060526

TM060527

# 4. Features and benefits

## Features

- Speed-controlled, high-efficiency pump fitted with electronically commutated motor (ECM) with permanent-magnet rotor and frequency converter.
- Either externally controlled by digital pulse-width modulation (PWM) low-voltage signal, LIN bus signal or internally controlled in constant pressure, proportional pressure or constant speed mode defined by the means of a smart operating panel or factory presetting.
- Smart Hydro Block (SHB): An integrated diverter valve making the pump able to switch between central heating and domestic hot water circuits. The SHB is controlled by the pump.
- Hydronic balancing with Grundfos GO Balance.
- Third generation of the first boiler-integrated, variable-speed ECM pumps which combines both validated and newly developed components and concepts.
- Highly reliable as more than 20,000,000 UPM units have been installed with success since 2006.
- Fits into existing boiler ranges.
- Cost-optimised and reliably available due to new established mass production facilities.
- Energy-optimised due to improved hydraulic and motor efficiency.

# Benefits

- Use up to 87% less electrical power than conventional constant-speed pumps.
- Use up to 68% less electrical power than conventional speed-controlled pumps.
- Use up to 25% less electrical power than the first generation of ECM pumps.

# **UPM3 and UPM3 HYBRID variants**

- UPM3 is the first Grundfos high efficiency pump with the terminal box in front and access to a mechanical deblocking device.
- UPM3 is the first Grundfos high efficiency pump for high ambient and media temperature of up to 70 °C / 110 °C.
- UPM3 is the first Grundfos high efficiency, PWM controlled pump with an EEI below benchmark level of EEI ≤ 0.20.
- UPM3 is the first Grundfos OEM pump with TE Superseal connectors for power and signal supply.
- UPM3 AUTO is the first Grundfos self-controlled pump with constant pressure AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> mode, which can be used in underfloor heating systems.
- UPM3 HYBRID is the first hybrid version of externally and internally controlled, high efficiency Grundfos pumps.

• UPM3 LIN is the first Grundfos LIN bus pump for appliance-integrated communication.

#### UPM3K

- The UPM3K pump range is designed for condensing applications with media below ambient temperature.
- The stator housing is CED electrocoated with one drain hole in two possible positions, as IPX4D.
- The minimum admissible media temperature can be down to -10 °C.

# UPM3S

- The UPM3S pump range is designed for integration in boilers and other heating appliances with limited performance up to 6 m / 42 W.
- Its rotor is injection-moulded with PPS bonded hard ferrite magnetic particles.

# UPM3L(K)

- The UPM3L pump range is designed for integration in boilers and other heating appliances with extended performance up to 7.5 m / 75 W.
- The ambient temperature is limited to 55 °C.
- The media temperature is limited to 95 °C (TF95).

#### UPMO

- UPMO pumps are designed for replacement in systems that use old hydraulic interfaces with UP/ UPO, UPS/UPSO, UPR/UPRO, UPER/UPERO pump heads.
- The UPMO pump head fits most of the existing small UP15 housings that are used in IWC or hydro blocks, as well as customised or standard housings made of composite, cast iron, bronze or stainless steel.
- UPMO can be used as ErP conform replacement for asynchronous integrated or stand-alone pumps in existing heating systems.
- UPMO can be used with internal control mode constant pressure.
- UPMO is equipped also with PWM interface using PWM profile A.
- The performance of UPMO pumps might be different from the performance of the pumps that should be replaced. The power consumption is significantly lower, the PWM signal is not compatible. Grundfos HVAC OEM together with the OEM customer have to check in a validation process, if successful replacement is possible.
- UPMO is fulfilling all CE requirements, such as LVD, EMC & ErP. Space and temperature features suit most OEM requirements. Therefore it can be used in most heating appliances without constraints.

#### UPM3F

 This pump is designed to work in environments where propane (A3 flammable refrigerant) is present.

## Hydronic balancing

Hydronic balancing is important for a well-performing heating system regarding energy consumption and room comfort. A balanced system secures the best possible distribution of the needed flow in the heating system. It also secures that the pump performance is not too high. When using the UPM3 LIN pump together with the Grundfos GO Balance app and the ALPHA Reader dongle, it is possible to perform hydronic balancing of twopipe or underfloor-heating systems by using real-time flow measurement from the pump.



FM068574

ALPHA Reader

# ErP, Ecodesign regulation in brief

The EU has addressed the climate challenge in a EuP/ErP directive: Since August 2015, all stand-alone pumps as well as pumps integrated in boiler systems, solar systems and heat pump systems must fulfil Ecodesign requirements, defined in regulation 641/2009/EC on glandless pumps, which was amended by 622/2012/EC. The regulation has set radically new standards for energy efficiency.

#### The essentials

- Glandless pumps integrated in products must have an energy efficiency index (EEI) of not more than 0.23. The benchmark level is 0.20.
- Stand-alone pumps are measured according to EN 16297-2.
- Integrated pumps are measured according to EN 16297-3, due to their various functions integrated in many customised hydraulic solutions on the market.
- All pumps integrated in products which generate and/or transfer heat and all types of media are included. This means that not only heating systems, but also solar thermal and heat pump systems are affected by the Ecodesign regulation.
- Non-compliant spare pumps for integrated pumps sold before August 2015 are allowed until January 1st, 2020.
- Pumps designed for recirculation of drinking water are out of scope of this regulation.
- Conformity with EU regulations are governed through mandatory CE marking.

All UPM3(K), UPM3S, UPM3L, UPMO variants meet the Ecodesign requirements measured by EN 16297-2 and EN 16297-3:2012.

# 5. Identification

# Type key

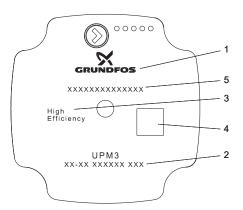
Example: UPM3 SOLAR 15 - 145 130 C A X 9 XXX

Code	Explanation	Designation
UPM3	Standard	
UPM3S	Small version with IMM rotor	
UPM3L	Large version with extended P1	Pump type
UPMO	For ErP upgrade and replacement	
UPM3F	For flammable refrigerant environments	
Code	Explanation	Designation
к	Cold water	
FLEX AS	PWM A, MAX	
SOLAR	PWM C, CC	
DHW	PWM A, MAX	
AUTO	PP, CP, CC, AA	Control variant
HYBRID	PWM A/C, PP, CP, CC, AA	
LIN	LIN bus	
Code	Explanation	Designation
15	R 1/2" / G 1"	
25	R 1" / G 1 1/2"	Nominal diameter
32	R 1 1/4" / G 2"	
Code	Explanation	Designation
20	2 m	
40	4 m	
50	5 m	
60	6 m	
70	7 m	Maximum head
75	7.5 m	
75		
105	10.5 m	

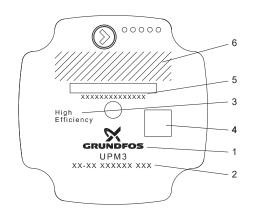
Code	Explanation	Designation
130	Cast iron CED, 130 mm	
180	Cast iron CED, 180 mm	
N 130	Stainless steel, 130 mm	
N 150	Stainless steel, 150 mm	
N 180	Stainless steel, 180 mm	
GGES2	Cast iron CED, end suction UPM3	
GGAOS3	Cast iron CED, AOS3 UPM3	
GGMBP3	Cast iron CED, GGMBP3 UPM3	
GGBP3	Cast iron CED, GGBP3 UPM3	
CIL3PA	Composite CIL3, PA6.6 UPM3	Pump housing
CIL3PP	Composite CIL3, PPS UPM3	
CIAO2A	Composite CIAO2 AC	
CIAO2	Composite CIAO2	
CESAO1	Composite CESAO1	
CESAO2	Composite CESAO2	
CESAO4	Composite CESAO4	
CACAO	Composite CACAO	
AOKR	Composite AOKR	
CAOD3	Composite CAOD3 UPM3	
Code	Explanation	Designation
A	PWM A profile, heating	
>	PWM C profile, solar	
٧	LIN bus	
Ζ	No profile	
Code	Explanation	Designation
A	0-563 rpm	Dooignation
J	> 2.025 rpm	Minimum speed
Code	Explanation	Designation
<	TE MSS NdFeB Relay	
(	FCI NdFeB Relay	
/	TE MSS NdFeB NTC	
N	FCI NdFeB NTC	Control signal connector
Г	TE MSS IMM NTC	
J	FCI IMM NTC	
Code	Explanation	Designation
	3 h (right)	
3		
	6 h (below)	
3	6 h (below) 9 h (left)	Control box orientation
3 5 9		Control box orientation
3 9	9 h (left)	Control box orientation

TM076077

## Nameplate options



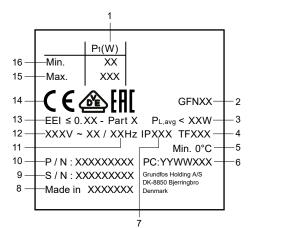
#### Nameplate: Grundfos standard



#### Nameplate: customised layout

Pos.	Description
1	Grundfos logo
2	Grundfos pump type
3	High efficiency indicating ECM technology
4	Grundfos data matrix
5	Customer product number or barcode
7	Area for customer specific logo

#### Terminal box side



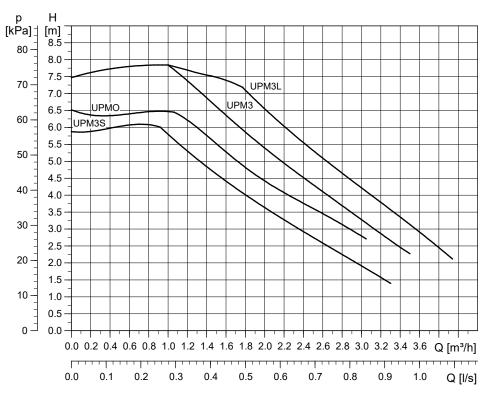
#### Terminal box side

TM075431

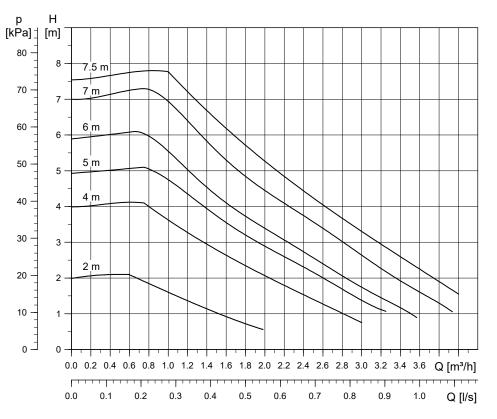
TM075430

Pos.	Terminal box side
1	Input power at minimum and maximum performance
2	Product mark (legal product code)
3	Average power input $P_{L,avg}$ (Ecodesign regulation)
4	Temperature class
5	Minimum liquid temperature (only cold water pumps)
6	Production code (year and week) and customer ID
7	Enclosure class
8	Production site
9	Serial number
10	Product number
11	Frequency [Hz]
12	Voltage [V]
13	Energy index with indication of measurement standard
14	CE mark and approvals
15	Maximum
16	Minimum

Identification



Performance range UPM3, UPM3L, UPM3S, UPMO



Performance range UPM3, cast iron pump housing

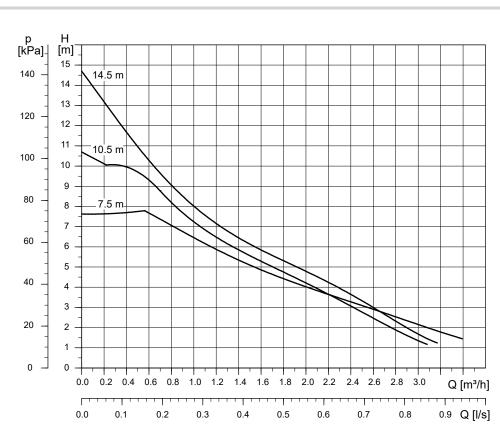
6

TM072400

TM068462

TM068463





Performance range UPM3 SOLAR, cast iron pump housing

<sup>-</sup>M060787

# 7. External control mode and signals

# **Control principles**

The UPM3 and UPM3 FLEX pumps are controlled via a digital low-voltage pulse-width modulation (PWM) signal which means that the speed of rotation depends on the input signal.

UPM3 HYBRID pumps can be set to either internally or externally controlled. The speed changes as a function of the input profile. These communication signals are standardised in the VDMA Einheitsblatt 24244 "Wet runner circulating pumps - Specification of PWM control signals".

# **Control signals**

#### Digital low-voltage PWM signal

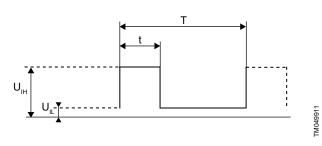
The square-wave PWM signal is designed for a 100 to 4,000 Hz frequency range. The PWM signal is used to select the speed (speed command) and as feedback signal. The PWM frequency on the feedback signal is fixed at 75 Hz in the pump.

#### Duty cycle

d % = 100 x t/T

Example	Rating
T = 2 ms (500 Hz)	U <sub>IH</sub> = 4-24 V
t = 0.6 ms	U <sub>IL</sub> ≤ 1 V
d % = 100 x 0.6 / 2 = 30 %	$I_{IH} \le 10 \text{ mA}$ (depending on $U_{IH}$ )

Example



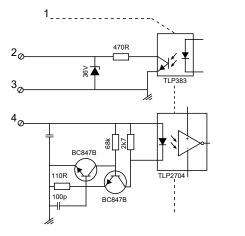
#### PWM signal

Abbreviation	Description
Т	Period of time [sec.]
d	Duty cycle [t/T]
U <sub>IH</sub>	High-level input voltage
U <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage
IIH	High-level input current

#### **PWM** interface

The PWM interface consists of an electronic part connecting the external control signal to the pump. The interface translates the external signal into a signal type that the microprocessor can understand.

In addition, the interface ensures that the user cannot get into contact with dangerous voltage if touching the signal wires when power is connected to the pump.



Schematic drawing, interface

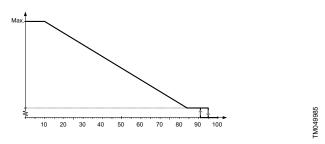
Pos.	Description
1	Galvanic isolation
2	PWM output
3	Signal reference (without connection to protective earth)
4	PWM input

#### Related information

UPM3

# PWM input signal profile A (heating)

At high PWM signal percentages (duty cycles), a hysteresis prevents the pump from starting and stopping if the input signal fluctuates around the shifting point. At low PWM signal percentages, the pump speed is high for safety reasons. In case of a cable breakage in a gas boiler system, the pumps will continue to run at maximum speed to transfer heat from the primary heat exchanger. This is also suitable for heat pumps to ensure that the pumps transfer heat in case of a cable breakage.

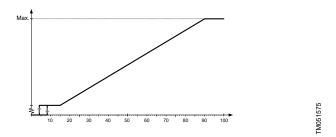


#### PWM input profile A (heating)

Axis	Value	
Х	PWM i	nput signal [%]
Y	Speed	
PWM input sig	nal [%]	Pump status
≤ 10		Maximum speed
> 10 / ≤ 84		Variable speed from minimum to maximum speed
> 84 / ≤ 91		Minimum speed
> 91/95		Hysteresis area: on/off
> 95 / ≤ 100		Standby mode: off

## PWM input signal profile C (solar)

At low PWM signal percentages (duty cycles), a hysteresis prevents the pump from starting and stopping if the input signal fluctuates around the shifting point. Without PWM signal percentages, the pump will stop for safety reasons. If a signal is missing, for example due to a cable breakage, the pump will stop to avoid overheating of the solar thermal system.



#### PWM input profile C (solar)

Axis	Value
Х	PWM input signal [%]
Y	Speed
PWM input sign [%]	al Pump status
≤ 5	Standby mode: off
> 5 / ≤ 8	Hysteresis area: on/off
> 8 / ≤ 15	Minimum speed
> 15 / ≤ 90	Variable speed from minimum to maximum speed.
> 90 / ≤ 100	Maximum speed

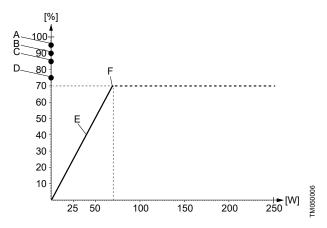
#### **PWM** feedback signal (standard)

The PWM feedback signal offers pump information like in bus systems:

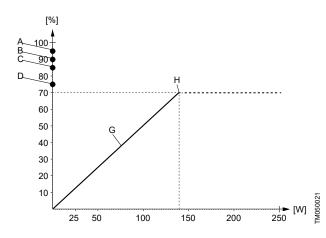
- current power consumption (accuracy ± 2 % of PWM signal)
- warning
- alarm
- operating status.

#### Alarms

Alarm output signals are available because some PWM output signals are dedicated to alarm information. If a supply voltage is measured below the specified supply voltage range, the output signal is set to 75 %. If the rotor is locked due to deposits in the hydraulics, the output signal is set to 90 % because this alarm has a higher priority.



PWM feedback signal, UPM3 power consumption



PWM feedback signal, UPM3L power consumption

Pos.	Description
X-axis	Output power consumption [W]
Y-axis	PWM output signal in percentage [%]
А	Standby (stop)
В	Alarm stop: Fault, blocked pump
С	Alarm stop: Electrical fault
D	Warning

Desc	ription	1		
Slope: 1 % / watt PWM signal				
Saturation at 70 W				
Slope: 2 % / watt PWM signal				
Satur	ation a	at 140 W		
l ignal	QT [s]	Pump info	DT [s]	Priority
	0	Standby (stop) by PWM signal	0	1
	30	Alarm, stop, blocked error	12	2

1-12

0

3

5

6

Output frequency: 75 Hz ± 5 %

Warning

Pos.

Е

F

G

н

PWM

output signal

[%]

95

90

85

75

0-70

0-30

0

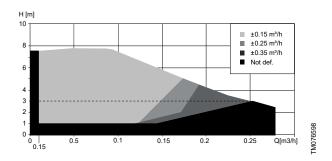
QT = qualification time, DT = disqualification time

#### PWM feedback signal - flow estimation (on request)

Alarm, stop, electrical error

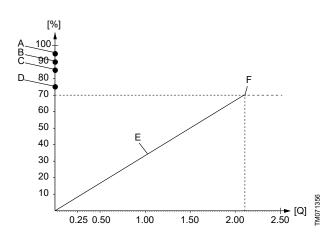
0-70 W (slope 1 W/% PWM)

On request, there is an option where the PWM feedback signal can also be used to indicate the flow of the pump on defined pump housings (e.g. cast iron inline) above a head of 1 m. The accuracy of the feedback signal is depending on the media, media temperature and operation point, but it gives an indication on the actual flow (see figure below).



Accuracy of PWM feedback signal - flow estimation with water at 40 °C

Example: In this case the PWM output range between 0-70 % shows the flow between 0 and 2.1 m<sup>3</sup>/h with a slope of 0.03 m<sup>3</sup>/h / % PWM (see figure below).



PWM feedback signal - flow estimation

Pos.	Description
А	Standby (stop)
В	Alarm stop: fault, blocked pump
С	Alarm stop: electrical fault
D	Warning
Е	Slope: 0.03 [m <sup>3</sup> /h]/% PWM
F	Saturation at 2.1 [m <sup>3</sup> /h]

#### Control signal data levels

Maximum rating	Symbol	Value
PWM frequency input with high-speed optocoupler	f	100-4000 Hz
Guaranteed standby power consumption		< 1 W
Rated input voltage - high level	U <sub>iH</sub>	4-24 V
Rated input voltage - low level	U <sub>iL</sub>	< 1 V
High-level input current	I <sub>iH</sub>	< 10 mA
Input duty cycle	PWM	0-100 %
PWM frequency output, open collector	f	75 Hz ± 5 %
Accuracy of output signal regarding power consumption	-	± 2 % (of PWM signal)
Output duty cycle	PWM	0-100 %
Collector emitter breakdown voltage on output transistor	Uc	< 70 V
Collector current on output transistor	Ι <sub>c</sub>	< 50 mA
Maximum power dissipation on output resistor	P <sub>R</sub>	125 mW
Zener diode working voltage	Uz	36 V
Maximum power dissipation in Zener diode	Pz	300 mW

#### LIN bus

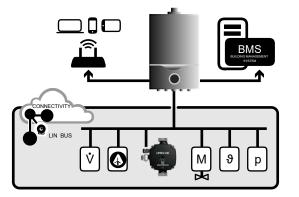
The LIN variant is ready for the Local Interconnect Network (LIN) bus communication protocol that is standardised in the "VDMA Einheitsblatt 24226". This data bus has been developed as LIN in the automotive sector and enables great interchange of data between the pump and the HVAC application.

New unique features such as hydronic balancing of heating systems via the Grundfos GO Balance app can be set using LIN bus communication.

In order to provide you the best support, Grundfos has divided the LIN bus data points into six specific modules:

- Grundfos LIN Basic
- Control module
- Performance module
- Limit Feedback module
- Diagnostics module
- GO Balance module.

Contact your local Grundfos HVAC OEM representative to learn more about LIN bus.



LIN bus on fieldbus of heating control systems

TM068459

# 8. Control modes, operating panel and settings

#### UPM3

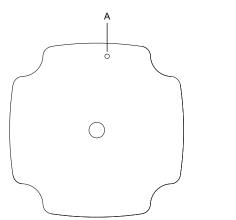
UPM3 is externally controlled via a PWM or LIN bus signal.

#### **Related information**

PWM interface

#### **Operating panel**

The operating panel is designed with one red/green LED.



TM075425

UPM3 operating panel

Pos.	Description
Α	LED

The LED shows whether or not the pump is controlled externally or if the pump experiences an error.

	Green LED	Red LED
No external control	•	
External control	• <sup>1</sup>	
Alarm		•

<sup>1</sup> 12 flashes per second.

#### Alarm status

If the pump detects an alarm, the LED switches from green to red. This can mean one of the following:

- Low supply voltage
- Blocked rotor
- Electrical error.

The alarms for blocked rotor and electrical error can be read out via the PWM return signal, while all three alarms can be read out via the LIN bus signal.

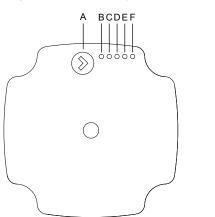
For information about remedy, see 13. Service.

#### **UPM3 HYBRID variants**

UPM3 HYBRID variants can be controlled both externally and internally.

#### **Operating panel**

The operating panel is designed with a single button, one red/green LED and four yellow LEDs.



TM060535

Operating panel with one button and five LEDs

Pos.	Description
А	Push button
В	LED 1
С	LED 2
D	LED 3
Е	LED 4
F	LED 5

The operating panel shows:

- control mode
- alarm status.

#### Alarm status

If the pump has detected one or more alarms, LED 1 switch from green to red and one of the other LEDs lights yellow. See information about fault finding.

If multiple alarms are active at the same time, the LEDs only show the error with the highest priority. The priority is defined by the sequence of the table as shown in the fault finding information.

When there is no active alarm anymore, the operating panel switches back to the operation mode.

0

# **Control modes**

#### HYBRID control modes and curves

Up to five different control modes, each with up to four curves, are available for UPM3 HYBRID variants for different maximum heads.

Externally controlle	d	Internally controlled		
PWM A profile	PWM C profile	Proportional pressure	Constant pressure	Constant curve
Curve 1	Curve 1	Curve 1	Curve 1	Curve 1
Curve 2	Curve 2	Curve 2	Curve 2	Curve 2
Curve 3 (max.)	Curve 3 (max.)	Curve 3	Curve 3	Curve 3 (max.)
		AUTO <sub>ADAPT</sub>	AUTO <sub>ADAPT</sub>	

#### **HYBRID** variants

These setting options can be delivered as pre-configured variants.

			Conti	ol moo	les and curv	res	Number of	
Variant	Application	Functionality	Externally controlled		Internally	controlled	settings	Factory-preset
FLEX AS	Heating appliances	Runs with or without PWM signal. Without PWM signal, this pump runs on MAX curve.	PWM A	3	MAX	3	3	
SOLAR	Solar thermal systems	Runs with PWM C (solar) profile or on Constant curve.	PWM C	1	СС	3	4	
DHW	Domestic hot water systems	Runs with or without PWM signal. Without PWM signal, this pump runs on MAX curve.	PWM A	3	MAX	3	4	Depends on the pump type
AUTO	Heating kits DHW system	Runs with all self-controlled modes and curves.			PP CP CC	3+AA 3+AA 3	11	F 1
HYBRID	YBRID Any HVAC system Runs with all availab curves.		PWM A PWM C	3 1	PP CP CC	3+AA 3+AA 3	15	

#### Standard range

Overview of the standard range for UPM3

#### UPM3S

				U	PM3S sta	ndard rang	ge					
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	LIN bus	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	ΡΡ ΑυτΟ ΑDAΡΤ	Constant pressure	СР АИТО АДАРТ
	XX-40	4	25		•							
PWM	XX-50	5	34		•							
	XX-60	6	42		•							
LIN	XX-60	6	42				•					
	XX-40	4	25	•	•			•				
FLEX AS	XX-50	5	33	•	•			•				
	XX-60	6	42	•	•			•				
AUTO	XX-60	6	42	•				•	•	•	•	•
HYBRID	XX-60	6	42	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•

#### UPM3

					UPM3 star	ndard rang	je					
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	LIN bus	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	ΡΡ ΑυτΟ ΑDAΡΤ	Constant pressure	CP AUTO ADAPT
	XX-50	5	33		•							
PWM	XX-60	6	39		•							
	XX-70	7	52		•	•						
	XX-75	7.5	60		•	•						
LIN	XX-75	7.5	60		·		•					
	XX-50	5	33	•	•			•				
FLEX AS	XX-70	7	52	•	•			٠				
	XX-75	7.5	60	•	•			•				
AUTO	XX-50	5	33	•				•	•	•	•	•
	XX-70	7	52	•				•	•	•	•	•
	XX-75	7.5	45	•		•						
SOLAR	XX-105	10.5	52	•		•						
	XX-145	14.5	60	•		•						
	XX-20	2	11	•	•			•				
DHW	XX-50	5	33	•	•			•				
	XX-70	7	52	•	•			•				
HYBRID	XX-50	5	33	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
IT I DKIU	XX-60	6	52	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•

8

#### UPM3L

				l	JPM3L sta	ndard ran	ge					
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	LIN bus	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	ΡΡ Αυτο ΑDAΡΤ	Constant pressure	СР АИТО АДАРТ
PWM	XX-75	7.5	75		•							
LIN	XX-75	7.5	75				•					
FLEX AS	XX-75	7.5	75	•	•			•				
AUTO	XX-70	7	75	•				•	•	•	•	•
HYBRID	XX-70	7	75	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•

#### UPMO

				u	IPMO star	ndard rang	е					
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel	PWM A profile	PWM C profile	LIN bus	Constant curve (CC)	Proportional pressure (PP)	PP AUTO ADAPT	Constant pressure	Proportional pressure (PP)
UPM -	XX-50	5	39	•	•			•				
	XX-60	6	60	•	•			•				
UPML	XX-70	7	75	•	•			٠				

#### **Factory presetting**

The pump starts at the factory preset operating mode fixed in the Grundfos software file (GSC). It is overwritten after the first personal setting. A customised factory preset

# UP

UF	PM3 stand	ard ra	nge									Fac	tory pr	eset										
Variant	Size	Max. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel		PWM /	A		PWM C	:	Con	stant c	curve	Prop	ortion	al pres	ssure	Co	nstant	press	ure			
		Max	Ma	Ň	ž	2	Ÿ	Ope	A1	A2	A3	C1	C2	C3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	PP 3	AA PP	СР 1	СР 2	CP 3
	XX-40	4	Х	•			•														-			
FLEX AS	XX-50	5	Х	•			٠																	
	XX-60	6	42	•			٠										-							
AUTO	XX-60	6	42	•								٠	•		•	•	•		٠	•	•			
HYBRID	XX-60	6	42	•			•									•	•			•	٠			

are available:

#### UPM3

UF	PM3 stand	ard rar	nge									Fac	tory p	reset							
Variant	Size	. H nom. [m]	x. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel		PWM A	A		PWM C	;	Con	stant o	curve	Prop	oortion	al pres	ssure	Co	nstant	press	ure
		Max.	Max.	Ope	A1	A2	A3	C1	C2	C3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	PP 3	AA PP	СР 1	CP 2	CP 3	AA CP
	XX-50	5	33	•		-	•														
FLEX AS	XX-70	7	52	•			٠														
	XX-75	7.5	60	•			٠														
AUTO	XX-50	5	33	•								•	٠		٠	٠	•		•	•	•
AUTO	XX-70	7	52	•								•	٠		٠	٠	•		•	•	•
	XX-75	7.5	60	•						•			•								
SOLAR	XX-105	10.5	52	•						٠			٠								
	XX-145	14.5	60	•						•			•								
	XX-20	2	11	•			•														
DHW	XX-50	5	33	•	•	•	•						-			-					
	XX-70	7	52	•	•	•	٠												-		
HYBRID	XX-50	5	33	•		-	٠									٠	•			٠	•
I I DRIU	XX-60	6	52	•			•									•	•			•	•

#### UPM3L

UF	PM3 stand	ard rai	nge									Fac	tory pr	reset							
Variant	Size	c. H nom. [m]	Max. P1 nom. [W]	erating panel		PWM /	A		PWM (	•	Con	stant c	curve	Prop	ortion	al pres	ssure	Co	nstant	press	ure
		Max	Ÿ	Ope	A1	A2	A3	C1	C2	C3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	РР 3	AA PP	CP 1	СР 2	СР 3	AA CP
FLEX AS	XX-75	7.5	75	•	•	•	•														
AUTO	XX-70	7	х	•								•	٠		٠	•	•		٠	•	•
HYBRID	XX-70	7	х	•			•									•	•			•	•

8

#### UPMO

U	PMO stand	lard ra	nge					1				Fac	tory pi	reset							
Variant	Size	. H nom. [m]	ix. P1 nom. [W]	Operating panel		PWM A			PWM (	;	Constant curve		Proportional pressure			Constant pressure		ure			
		Мах.	Max.	Ope	A1	A2	A3	C1	C2	C3	CC 1	CC 2	CC 3	PP 1	PP 2	PP 3	AA PP	CP 1	CP 2	СР 3	AA C
UPM	XX-50	5	39	•									•								
UPIM	XX-60	6	60	•									•								
UPML	XX-70	7	75	•									•								

#### Changing the control mode

To set the product, use the button on the operating panel. Every time you press the button, the pump setting is changed. The LEDs will indicate the chosen control mode.

#### **Related information**

Overview of operating panel control modes

All UPM3 HYBRID variants can be controlled with the button on the operating panel.

The LEDs on the operating panel shows the control mode.

#### **Related information**

Changing the control mode

#### Liquid temperature

#### **UPM3 HYBRID**

This pump is either for external PWM signal control with profile A or C or internal control with three control modes with AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> (AA).

Control mode	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
PP AA	•				
CP AA		•			
PP1	•		•		
PP2	•		•	•	
PP3	•		•	٠	•
CP1		•	•		
CP2		•	•	•	
CP3		•	•	•	•
CC1			•		
CC2			٠	٠	
CC3			•	•	•
PWM C signal off		• <sup>1</sup>	٠	٠	•
PWMC signal on		• <sup>2</sup>	•	•	•
PWM A curve 1 signal off	•1		•		
PWM A curve 1 signal on	• <sup>2</sup>		•		
PWM A curve 2 signal off	• <sup>1</sup>		•	•	
PWM A curve 2 signal on	• 2		•	•	
PWM A curve 3 signal off	• <sup>1</sup>		•	•	•
PWM A curve 3 signal on	• 2		•	•	•

<sup>1</sup> 1 flash per second.

<sup>2</sup> 12 flashes per second.

#### UPM3 FLEX AS and UPM3 DHW

This pump is either for external PWM A profile signal control or speed selection.

The maximum curve of the pump operation range can be defined.

- With PWM signal, the pump runs at the corresponding speed.
- Without PWM signal, the pump runs at maximum speed.

PWM A profile	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
PWM A curve 1 signal off	• <sup>1</sup>		•		
PWM A curve 1 signal on	• 2		•		
PWM A curve 2 signal off	• <sup>1</sup>		•	•	
PWM A curve 2 signal on	• 2		•	•	
PWM A curve 3 signal off	• <sup>1</sup>		•	•	•
PWM A curve 3 signal on	• <sup>2</sup>		•	•	•

1 1 flash per second.

<sup>2</sup> 12 flashes per second.

#### UPM3 SOLAR

This pump is either for external PWM signal control with profile C or internal control on constant curve mode.

Control mode	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
CC1			•		
CC2			•	•	
CC3			•	•	•
PWM C signal off		• <sup>1</sup>	•	•	•
PWM C signal on		• <sup>2</sup>	•	•	•

<sup>1</sup> 1 flash per second.

<sup>2</sup> 12 flashes per second.

#### UPM3 AUTO

This pump is for internal control with three control modes with  $AUTO_{ADAPT}$  (AA).

Control mode	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
PP AA	•				
CP AA		•			
PP1	•		•		
PP2	•		•	•	
PP3	•		•	•	•
CP1		•	•		
CP2		•	•	•	
CP3		•	•	•	•
CC1			•		
CC2			•	•	
CC3			•	•	•

#### UPMO

This pump is for internal control with control mode CC or for external PWM signal control with profile A.

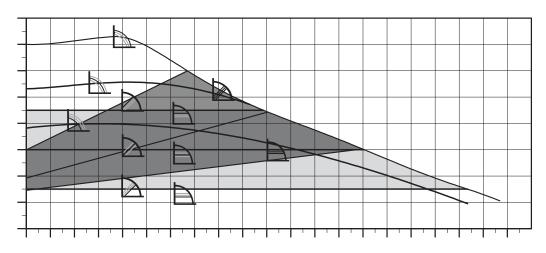
The pump automatically enables the PWM input-signal control mode by SignalDetect when the signal cable is plugged in.

Control mode	LED1 green	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow
CC1			•		
CC2			•	•	
CC3			•	•	•
PWM A	• <sup>1</sup>		•	•	•

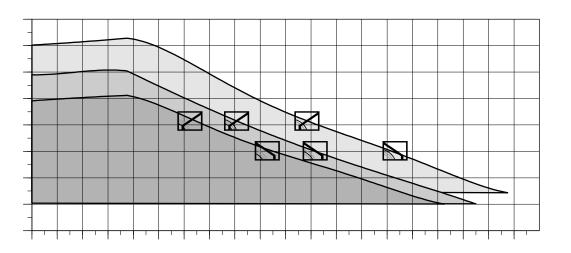
<sup>1</sup> 12 flashes per second.

If the pump does not detect a PWM signal or if the signal equals 0, the pump returns to its previous control mode.

# Control modes with pump curves



UPM3 AUTO/HYBRID control modes with pump curves



UPM3 FLEX/HYBRID control modes with pump curves

8

TM060803

# **Control mode explanation**

#### **Proportional pressure**

The head (pressure) is reduced at falling heat demand and increased at rising heat demand.

The duty point of the pump will move up or down on the selected proportional-pressure curve, depending on the heat demand in the system.



- PP1: lowest proportional pressure curve
- PP2: intermediate proportional pressure curve
- PP3: highest proportional-pressure curve
- AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub>: highest to lowest proportional pressure curve.

The AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> function enables the pump to control the pump performance automatically within a defined performance range.

- Adjusting the pump performance to the size of the system.
- Adjusting the pump performance to the variations in load over time.

In Proportional pressure AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub>, the pump is set to proportional-pressure control.

#### **Constant pressure**

The head (pressure) is kept constant, irrespective of the heat demand.

The duty point of the pump will move out or in on the selected constant-pressure curve, depending on the heat demand in the system.



- CP1: lowest constant-pressure curve
- CP2: intermediate constant-pressure curve
- CP3: highest constant-pressure curve
- AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub>: highest to lowest constant-pressure curve.

The AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> function enables the pump to control the pump performance automatically within a defined performance range.

- Adjusting the pump performance to the size of the system.
- Adjusting the pump performance to the variations in load over time.

In constant pressure AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub>, the pump is set to constant-pressure control.

#### **Constant curve**

The pump runs on a constant curve, which means that it runs at a constant speed or power.

The duty point of the pump moves up or down on the selected constant curve, depending on the heat demand in the system.

# 

			Hea	ad [m]		
	UPM3 XX-20	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75	UPM3 XX-105	UPM3 XX-145
CC1	1.0	3	5	5	6.5	8.5
CC2	1.5	4	6	6	8.5	10.5
CC3 (max.)	2	5	7	7.5	10.5	14.5

PWM A profile (heating)

M060704

TM060705

The pump runs on constant speed curves depending on the current PWM value.

The speed decreases when the PWM value increases. If PWM equals 0, the pump runs at maximum speed.

|--|

		Head	d [m]	
PWM profile	UPM3 XX-20	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75
A1	1.0	3	5	5
A2	1.5	4	6	6
A3 (max.)	2.0	5	7	7.5
MAX	UPM3 XX-20	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75
A1	1.0	3	5	5
A2	1.5	4	6	6
A3	2.0	5	7	7.5

#### PWM C profile (solar)

The pump runs on constant speed curves depending on the current PWM value.

Speed will increase with increasing PWM value. If PWM equals 0, the pump stops.



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			Head [I	n]	
PWM profile	UPM3 XX-50	UPM3 XX-70	UPM3 XX-75	UPM3 XX-105	UPM3 XX-145
C1	3	5	5	6.5	8.5
C2	4	6	6	8.5	10.5
C3 (max.)	5	7	7.5	10.5	14.5



<sup>-</sup>M060858

## Pump control in heating systems

The heating required in a building varies greatly during the day due to changing outdoor temperatures, solar radiation and heat emanating from people, electric appliances, and others. In addition, the need for heating may vary from one section of the building to another and the thermostatic valves of some radiators may have been turned down by the users. An uncontrolled pump will produce a too high differential pressure when the heat demand and flow are low.

Possible consequences:

- too high energy consumption
- irregular control of the system
- noise in thermostatic radiator valves and similar fittings.

Grundfos UPM3 HYBRID and UPM3 AUTO automatically control the differential pressure by adjusting the pump performance to the actual heat demand, without the use of external components.

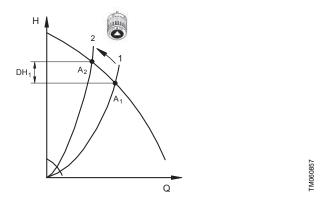
# Advantages of pump control

In Grundfos UPM3 HYBRID and UPM3 AUTO pump control is effected by adapting the differential pressure to the flow (proportional-pressure and constant-pressure control). Contrary to an uncontrolled pump, a constantpressure-controlled pump keeps the differential pressure constant. A proportional-pressure-controlled pump reduces the differential pressure as a result of falling heat demand.

#### For example:

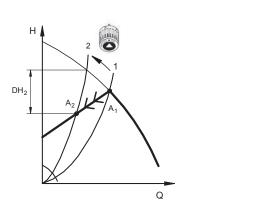
If the heat demand falls, for instance, due to solar radiation, the thermostatic radiator valves will close, and, for the uncontrolled pump, the flow resistance of the system will rise, for instance from A1 to A2.

In a heating system with an uncontrolled pump, this situation will cause a pressure rise in the system by  $\Delta H_1.$ 



Uncontrolled pump

In a system with a proportional-pressure-controlled pump, operated in the proportional pressure mode the pressure will be reduced by  $\Delta H_2$  and result in reduced energy consumption.



Pump operated in proportional-pressure control mode

In a system with an uncontrolled pump, a pressure rise will often cause flow-generated noise in the thermostatic radiator valves. This noise will be reduced considerably with proportional pressure control.

# **AUTO**ADAPT

Grundfos holds a patent for AUTO ADAPT since 1995. With AUTOADAPT, the control curve is automatically adapted to the actual requirements of the respective application. If you select AUTO ADAPT, the pump starts with the medium proportional or constant control curve and runs on this curve as long as a new curve will be adapted. The AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> proportional pressure functionality is well known from millions of installed Grundfos trade pumps as ALPHA2 or MAGNA. The AUTO ADAPT setting continually analyses and finds the setting where optimal comfort meets minimal energy consumption. It automatically delivers perfect comfort at the lowest possible energy level. It adapts to the requirements of the heating system before reaching the maximum pump curve and allows the pump to adjust the proportional pressure or constant pressure curve both up and down.

#### Advantages of AUTO ADAPT

- Easy installation
- Automatic setting
- Demand-controlled operations
- Optimum comfort
- Energy savings
- Reduced CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

Constant pressure at all load conditions is essential for how well the thermostatic valves can control the heat emission from the radiators. It is a well-known fact that optimum pump control in a two-pipe heating system with thermostatic radiator valves is best obtained by controlling pump pressure on a proportional pressure curve. In under-floor heating or one-pipe systems it might be better to use constant pressure control. However, predicting the best position in real-life applications is rather difficult, because the optimum position depends on correlated factors such as the size of the heating system, the boiler type, the load condition, etc. This is where AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> steps in to ensure that the pump is controlled in an optimum manner.

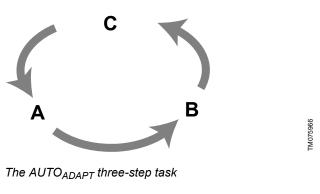
# GRUNDFOS 🕅

# Control modes, operating panel and settings

# The AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> algorithm

The objective of the AUTO ADAPT algorithm is to measure and analyse the heating system during operation and adapt to the current heating pattern. The system adapts to night vs. day operations, summer vs. winter season, and heat losses or gains affecting room temperature, for example, from radiators, walls and windows, sun radiation, electrical equipment, and people.

#### AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> three-step task



	Description
А	System analyser
В	Curve selector
С	Proportional or constant pressure control

Basically, AUTO ADAPT optimises the position of the proportional or constant pressure curve via a three-step task as illustrated in the figure above.

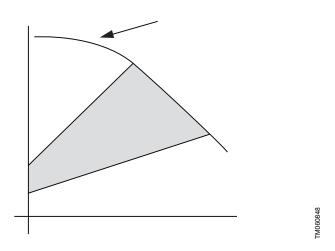
The "system analyser" analyses the heating system, which the pump is a part of. On the basis of the analysis, AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> verifies whether the pump pressure is too high, too low, or correct. The "curve selector" then uses this knowledge to select the optimum proportional or constant pressure curve for the pump. Finally, the pump is controlled according to the selected proportional or constant pressure curve by means of the "Proportional Pressure or Constant Pressure control". The pump will continue this cycle as long as the pump is running.

#### Example

This example shows proportional pressure AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub>.

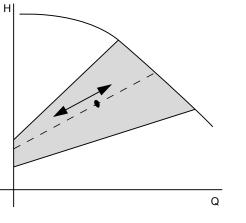
Note: The constant pressure AUTO ADAPT function acts accordingly just by utilising constant pressure control, and not proportional pressure control as shown in the example below.

The AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> function can operate and adjust pump speed according to the duty point within a specific area. The arrow shows pump max. curve.



Proportional pressure AUTO<sub>ADAPT</sub> operation area

As default the AUTO ADAPT is preset to operate the pump on the middle proportional pressure curve. By the use of an immediate acting PI-controlling function, the pump will adapt to the system on this proportional pressure curve. Note: The PI controller is set to eliminate any offset within a time frame of 120 seconds.



Proportional pressure control

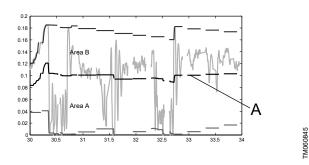
FM06085

#### System analyser

From the preset reference duty point, the pump will immediately start to analyse the heating pattern.

The system resistance  $(K_{sys})$  is logged and based on this data, a more optimal curve for operation is selected.

Note:  $K_{sys} = m^3/h$  to create a system pressure loss of 1 bar.

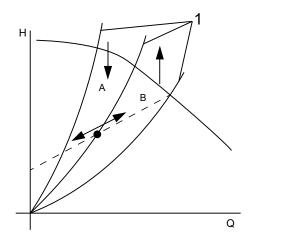


K<sub>sys</sub>-values logged for the system analyser

Pos.	Description	
X-axis	Time [days]	
Y-axis	K-value	
А	Reference duty point	

If the actual duty point deviates from the reference duty point over time, the pump will automatically adjust its performance accordingly. If a tendency of operation in area A is shown, the performance of the pumps is too high. The pump will then select a lower proportional curve. In other words, if the requirement of the heating system exceeds the reference duty point, the pump will choose a higher proportional pressure curve. Should the requirement be lower, a lower curve will be chosen.

#### **Curve selector**



Duty point on selected proportional pressure curve

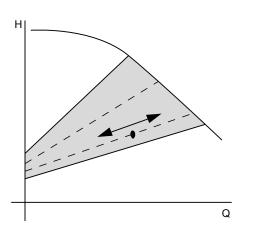
Pos.	Description
1	Reference curves

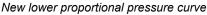
<sup>-</sup>M060849

**Note:** The arrows symbolise the change of the proportional pressure curve.

#### New reference setting

When changing the proportional pressure curve setting to adapt to the requirements of the heating system,  $AUTO_{ADAPT}$  automatically sets a new reference duty point. From the new setting, the process starts over again:  $AUTO_{ADAPT}$  will continuously adapt to changes in the heating pattern.





<sup>-</sup>M060850

# Control modes, operating panel and settings

## Selection of control mode

The selection of the control mode depends on the system type and the allocation of pressure losses defined by the valve or consumer authority.

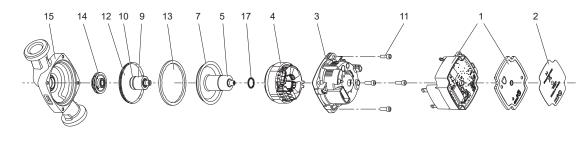
System type	Recommended control mode		
Heating system with PWM control of the pump.			PWM A profile
Solar system with PWM control of the pu	ımp.		PWM C profile
System without PWM control of the pum	p (stand-alone).		Internally controlled
	Two-pipe systems with thermostatic radiator valve with low valve authority.	H <sub>N</sub> > 2 m for noise reduction.	
		Long distribution pipes.	Proportional pressure / AUTO <sub>ADAPT</sub> proportional press
/ariable-flow system with relatively nigh pressure losses inside heating appliance and pipes (> 50 % of pump		High pressure losses in system parts with total flow.	
nead).		Heat consumers with low pressure losses.	
	Primary pump.	Primary circuit with high pressure losses.	-
	Two-pipe systems with thermostatic radiator valve with high valve authority.	$H_N \le 2 \text{ m for noise}$ reduction.	
		Former gravity systems.	-
		Low pressure losses in system parts with total flow.	-
/ariable-flow system with relatively low		Heat consumers with high pressure losses.	- Constant pressure / AUTO <sub>ADAPT</sub> Constant pressure
appliance and pipes (< 50 % of pump nead).	Floor heating system with variable flow.	System with thermostatic zone valves.	DDDD
	One-pipe system with variable flow.	System with thermostatic radiator valves.	
	Primary pump.	Primary circuit with low pressure losses.	-
	Systems with low flow variation.	Systems with minimum flow ensured by an automatic bypass valve.	-

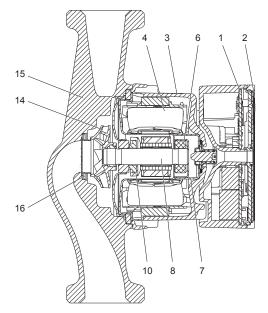
Constant flow systems



# 9. Technical description

# Exploded view and sectional view





TM059245



# **Material specification**

Pos.	Component	Material	EN/DIN
1	Control box	Composite PC-GF10 FR	
	Control electronics	PCB with SMD components	
2	Front foil	LEXAN 8A13F	
3	Stator housing	Aluminium, silumin	
4	Stator	Copper wire	
4	Stator lamination	Laminated iron	
	Push deblocking device		
5	Plunger	Stainless steel	1.4404
	Spring	Stainless steel	1.4310
	Housing for spring	Stainless steel	1.4401
	Guide disc	Stainless steel	1.4401
	Housing for sealing	Stainless steel	1.4401
	Sealing	EPDM	
6	Radial bearing	Ceramics	

Pos.	Component	Material	EN/DIN
7	Rotor can	Stainless steel	1.4401
8	Shaft	Ceramics	
9	Rotor	NdFeB or injection- moulded ferrite	
	Rotor tube	Stainless steel	1.4521
	Rotor cladding	Stainless steel	1.4401/1.4301
	Bush	Stainless steel	1.4301
10	Thrust bearing	Carbon	
	Thrust bearing retainer	EPDM	
11	Screws	Steel	
12	Bearing plate	Stainless steel	1.4301
13	Gasket	EPDM	
14	Impeller	Composite/PES 20 or 30 % GF	

Technical description

FM059258

<sup>-</sup>M059260

TM059247

Pos.	Component	Material	EN/DIN
15	Pump housing	Cast iron GG15	EN-GJL-150
		Stainless steel	1.4308
		Composite PA 6.6 30 %GF	
		Composite PPS 40 %GF	
16	Neck ring	Stainless steel	1.4301
17	O-ring	EPDM	

#### **Description of components**

The Grundfos UMP3 pumps are of the canned-rotor type as pump and motor form an integral unit without shaft seal and with only one gasket for sealing and four screws for fastening the stator housing to the pump housing. The bearings are lubricated by the pumped liquid as the rotor can is filled with water. The focus has been on using ecofriendly materials as well as on limiting the number of materials.

#### Motor description

The efficiency of the three-phase, 4-pole, synchronous, electronically commutated permanent-magnet (ECM/PM) motor type is considerably higher compared to a conventional asynchronous squirrel-cage motor.

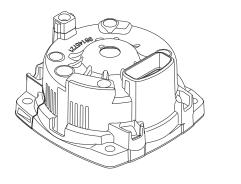
The ECM/PM motor is designed according to the cannedrotor principle. The design of the mechanical motor components has mainly focused on these features:

- reliable with stainless steel rotor can in one part and a specific formed EPDM gasket
- simple design meaning as few components as possible, each with several functions
- high efficient due to permanent magnets and lowfriction bearings.

The motor is cooled by the pumped liquid which reduces the sound pressure level to a minimum. Being softwareprotected, the pump requires no further motor protection.

#### Stator housing

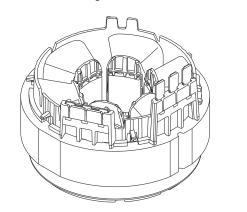
The aluminium die-cast stator housing with four fixing holes is following the design of the well-accepted Grundfos UP pumps. It enables easy change of motor positions by removing the four screws holding the stator housing and turning the housing to the desired position. There are two versions: one without drain hole as IP44, and one with one drain hole in two possible positions as IPX4D. During operation, the drain hole must always point downwards. UPM3 is IP44 as standard for noncondensing applications and IPX4D in UPM3 Solar. As Kvariant for condensing applications, the stator housing IPX4D version is CED electrocoated.



Stator housing

#### Stator and windings

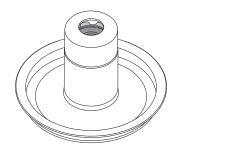
The UPM3 have a three-phase stator with six concentric positioned in-slot windings.



Stator

#### Rotor can

The rotor can is drawn out of one sheet of stainless steel. It contains the ground and honed upper radial bearing. On top the rotor can has a hole on which the deblocking device is welded.

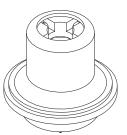


Rotor can with bearing holder and ceramic bearing

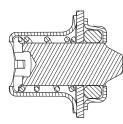
#### **Deblocking device**

The deblocking device consists of an axial moving plunger tightened by an O-ring and pulled back by a spring inside a stainless steel housing that is welded to the rotor can. The deblocking device is designed for pumps integrated in appliances to give access to the shaft from the front of the pump without demounting the control box.

By pushing and turning a screw driver, Phillips No. 2, the plunger pushes the shaft in axial direction into the pump, while it can be turned as well. The force is high enough to deblock pumps which are seized by lime e.g. if an appliance is stored for months after being wet tested. Before, during and after the deblocking, the device is tight and must not release any water.



Deblocking device

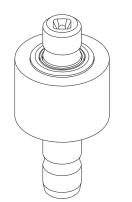


Sectional drawing of deblocking device

# Shaft with rotor

The shaft is made of ceramics. To avoid precipitation of calcium in the radial bearings, the shaft has been plungeground at the journal bearings. It has a through-going hole to ensure good lubrication and cooling of the upper bearing. The rotor can does not need to be vented as air inside the rotor chamber will escape the system through the through-going hole of the shaft.

The rotor core is either made of bonded neodymium permanent magnets, or injection-moulded with PPS bonded hard ferrite magnetic particles. The rotor is encapsulated in a thin stainless-steel cladding welded to the end covers. The rotor is fixed on the shaft by a back iron with a bush. After assembly the whole unit is balanced.

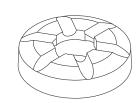


Shaft with rotor

#### **Thrust bearing**

The antimony-free carbon thrust bearing is fitted to the shaft in a flexible EPDM retainer.

In combination with the bearing plate, the thrust bearing prevents forces from being transmitted axially to rotor and rotor can.



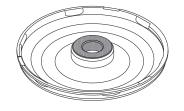
Thrust bearing

## **Bearing plate**

<sup>-</sup>M059253

FM060291

The bearing plate is made of stainless steel. The ground and honed inner radial and axial ceramic bearing is pressed into the bearing plate. The axial bearing is lapped to reduce any friction and the run in period of the pump. Due to the relatively large bearing plate surface, the motor heat is effectively carried away by the pumped liquid. Tiny laser holes through the bearing plate ensure optimum venting and minimise the gradual replacement of rotor liquid with the pumped liquid.



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FM059251

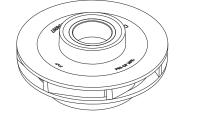
Bearing plate with ceramic bearing

#### Impeller

The composite impeller is of the radial type with curved blades. The impeller shaft with rotor and bearing plate is assembled in one unit to eliminate possible misalignment in the bearings.

Three types of impellers are used:

- UPM3 Standard: diameter 38 mm, clearance 3 mm
- UPM3 SOLAR: diameter 52 mm, clearance 2.5 mm
- UPMO: diameter 48 mm, clearance 3 mm



Impeller

FM059250

# Moving unit

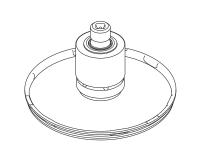
The unit is a pre-mounted combination of the shaft with a rotor, thrust bearing with a retainer, bearing plate and impeller. The moving unit is inserted into the rotor can with the upper radial bearing. The unit runs as a bearing system, ceramic/ceramic, with almost no wear as long as it is lubricated. During production, the unit is lubricated with glycerine. When the unit is mounted in a water-filled system, the system water lubricates the bearings. This guarantees the extremely reliable Grundfos ceramic bearing system of wet-running pumps.

Technical description

TM059252



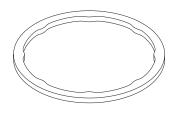
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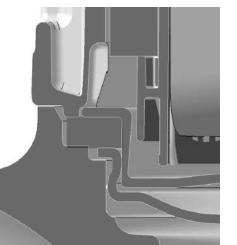
Moving unit

#### Gasket

The gasket is a formed flat O-ring made of EPDM, which is applicable for drinking water as well. The gasket seals up stator housing, pump housing, rotor can and bearing plate.



Gasket

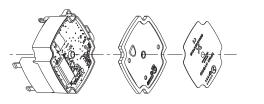


Sectional drawing showing sealing principle of gasket

# **Control box**

The UPM3 control box housing is made of two composite parts welded together with an aluminium heat sink on top and covered by a front foil which cannot be removed. Power and signal connectors are integrated. There are two versions available with signal connection designed for Grundfos UPER/UPM connector or TE Mini Superseal connector.

The control box contains the PCBs for internal power supply, control, and communication. The control box includes all relevant functions and EMC filter components. It is available with different hard- and software, mainly different regarding internal or external control, with or without operating panel and communication signal as PWM.



Control box

FM059256

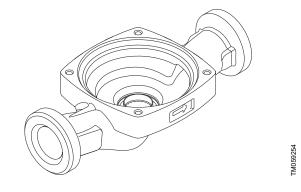
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# Pump housing

As a standard, the pump housing is available in electrocoated cast iron with threaded inlet and outlet ports. The reference pump housing is of the in-line type. The stainless-steel neck ring is pressed into the pump housing to minimise the amount of liquid running from the outlet side of the impeller to the inlet side.

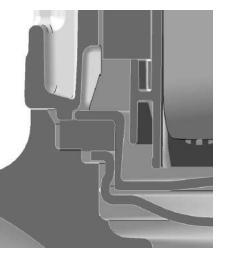
A wide range of OEM specific pump housings is available.



Pump housing

# UPM3 OEM specific housings

UPM3 pumps are available with a wide range of integrated standard housings or customised pump housings with different dimensions, in different materials, designs and with additional functionalities. Composite housings are mostly injection-moulded at the Grundfos factory using the tools designed and manufactured by Grundfos. The advantage of composite housings is the flexibility in forming complex housings and other hydraulic parts with low weight and production costs. Composite housings are limited to high-volume parts due to their high investment costs.



# Cast-iron electrocoated (CED) in-line housings with threads

-M064423





M064424

TM064426

FM064427

FM064429

CED 15 x 130 mm

CED 25 x 130 mm





CED 25 x 180 mm

CED 32 x 180 mm

Stainless-steel (N) in-line housings with threads - approved for drinking water

M06846

TM064428

FM064425



NIRO 15 x 130 mm



NIRO 25 x 180 mm

NIRO 25 x 130 mm



NIRO 32 x 180 mm

# Cast-iron electrocoated (CED) OEM housings - end-suction with threads or inline with air outlet





GGES cast-iron, endsuction

GGES cast-iron, endsuction

Pos.	Description
А	Outlet 1" thread connection
В	Inlet 1" thread connection
С	Air outlet 3/8" for external air vent

# Cast-iron electrocoated (CED) OEM housings - end-suction for back-panel mounting





GGMBP3 cast-iron, mini back-panel

GGBP3 cast-iron, maxi back-panel

Pos.	Description
А	Inlet Ø26 mm
В	Outlet Ø19 mm
С	Outlet Ø24.5 mm
D	Inlet Ø24.5 mm

# Composite in-line housings with threads, integrated vent and additional connections



x 130 mm

M064434

CACAO composite, alternate connection, air CIL3 composite, inline, 1" outlet



**GRUNDFOS** 

Technical description





CIAO2 composite, inline, air outlet

CIAO2 AC composite, inline, air outlet, alternate connection

Pos.	Description
А	Outlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 $\pm$ 10 Nm
В	Inlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 ± 10 Nm
С	Air vent
D	Copper pipe connection, $\varnothing$ 14 mm, can be open or closed
E	Copper pipe connection, Ø10 mm, additional

# Composite end-suction housings with threads or clips, with integrated vent and special connections



CES3 composite, endsuction



CESAO1 composite, endsuction, air outlet

FM064438



CESAO2 composite endsuction air outlet



CESAO4 composite endsuction air outlet

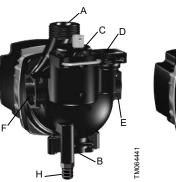
Pos.	Description
А	Outlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 $\pm$ 10 Nm
В	Inlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 30 ± 10 Nm
С	Outlet copper pipe connection Ø18 mm
D	Vent

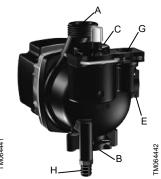
Pos.	Description	

Е	Connection for manometer or pressure sensor, Ø6 mm, can be opened or closed
F	Connection for manometer or pressure sensor, Ø10 mm, can be opened or closed
G	Inlet copper pipe connection Ø18 mm, fits Fugas brass block

H Outlet G 3/4 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque 25 ± 5 Nm

# Composite in-line housings with threads or clips, with integrated vent, drain and special connections





AOKR composite, air outlet, alternate connection, drain

CAOD composite, air outlet, drain

Pos.	Description
А	Outlet G 1 B (ISO 228/1) assembly torque $30 \pm 10$ Nm
В	Inlet Ø28 mm, with brass fitting
С	Vent
D	Connection for manometer or pressure sensor Ø21 mm
Е	Additional inlet hairpin side connection Ø28 mm
F	Additional inlet hairpin side connection Ø28 mm
G	Connection for expansion tank, etc. Ø21 mm
Н	Drain

# Pump housing overview

Material	Туре	Product number	GG cast iron CED	N stainless steel	C PPS	C PA6.6	Weight [kg]	PN [bar]	Max. Temperature [°C]	Drinking water approvals	IL in-line	ES end suction	BP back panel	DN	Port-to-port length [mm]	Inlet	Outlet	AC C1	AC C2	AC C3	AC C4	AO air vent integrated	Drain valve
	15 x 130 mm	98419166	•	-	-	-	0.7	10	110	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cast iron CED PN	25 x 130 mm	98446965	•	-	-	-	0.9	10	110	-	•	-	-	25	130	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	25 x 180 mm	98446967	•	-	-	-	1.0	10	110	-	•	-	-	25	180	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	32 x 180 mm	98446970	•	-	-	-	1.2	10	110	-	•	-	-	32	180	G 2	G 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	S 15 x 130 mm	97826565	•	-	-	-	0.8	10	110	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cast iron CED PN 10 for SOLAR	S 25 x 130 mm	97826550	•	-	-	-	0.9	10	110	-	•	-	-	25	130	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	S 25 x 180 mm	97825980	•	-	-	-	1.1	10	110	-	•	-	-	25	180	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	N 15 x 130 mm	98930212	-	•	-	-	1.0	10	110	•	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
Stainless steel,	N 25 x 130 mm	98601971	-	•	-	-	1.0	10	110	•	•	-	-	25	130	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
PN 10	N 25 x 180 mm	98601972	-	•	-	-	1.2	10	110	•	•	-	-	25	180	G 1 1/2	G 1 1/2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	N 32 x 180 mm	98601973	-	•	-	-	1.4	10	110	•	•	-	-	32	180	G 2	G 2	-	-	-	-	-	-
	GGES3	98648502	•	-	-	-	1.1	10	110	-	-	•	-	15	65	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	GGBP3	98648481	•	-	-	-	1.7	10	110	-	-	-	•	15	117	24.5	25	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cast iron CED PN 10	GGMBP3	98662017	٠	-	-	-	1.2	10	110	-	-	-	•	15	90	26.0	19.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
	GGAOS3	98924189	•	-	-	-	1.3	10	110	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	Rp 3/8	-
PPS PN 10	CIL3 PPS	98560033	-	-	•	-	0.2	10	95	•	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CIL3 PA 6.6	98560032	-	-	-		0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CES3	98651949	-	-	-	•	0.1	3	95	-	-	•	-	15	87	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	-	-
	CIAO2	98650878	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	-	-	-	-	•	-
	CIAO2 AC	98650880	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	10	-	-	-	•	-
Composite PA 6.6 PN 3 (customised versions not included, available on request)	CACAO	98095186	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	130	G 1	G 1	14	14	10	10	•	-
	CESAO1	98672445	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	-	•	-	15	94	18	18	6	10	-	-	•	-
	CESAO2	97992027	-	-	-	•	0.2	3	95	-	-	•	-	15	94	G 3/4	18	6	10	-	-	•	-
	CESAO3	Coming so	on	-	-									-									
	CESAO4	98096544	-	-	-	•	0.3	3	95	-	-	•	-	15	87	G 1	18	-	-	-	-	•	-
	AOKR	59547502	-	-	-	•	0.3	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	128	G 1	28	28	28	21	-	•	•
	CAOD	98763350	-	-	-	•	0.3	3	95	-	•	-	-	15	128	G 1	28	28	21	-	-	•	•

# Composite PA6.6 pumps with threaded flat sealings

Since 1989, Grundfos has been manufacturing and selling pump housings and integrated hydraulic units of polymeric composite, primarily PA6.6 with 30 % glass-fibre reinforcement. When using composite, the optimal design of connections is clip or hair-pin, because of their low internal stress-generating level.

For threaded connections, the full thread length must be used. The maximum assembly torque (e.g.  $30 \text{ Nm} \pm 10$ ) is mentioned in the specifications of the pump. We recommend to use EPDM gaskets.

For reason of overload risk, Grundfos does not recommend to use composite threads for standalone connections outside appliances.

All PA6.6 housings are defined as integrated. For integrated pumps, the respective pump heads are tested according to EN 16297/3 on a reference housing.

# Expected lifetime of composite PA6.6 housings

The expected lifetime of composite PA6.6 housings in heating applications depends on the liquid temperature and the system pressure.

The liquid temperature must not exceed 95 °C.

For composite housings, Grundfos recommends that the system pressure does not exceed 3 bar (0.3 MPa), for cast-iron housings 6 bar (0.6 MPa). For shorter periods of time, for example in fault scenarios, the composite housing can withstand 6 bar (0.6 MPa).

The expected lifetime also depends on the time/ temperature profile of the application, based on which an equivalent constant liquid temperature can be calculated. The influence of the liquid temperature between 60 °C and 95 °C on the expected lifetime is shown in the following diagram.

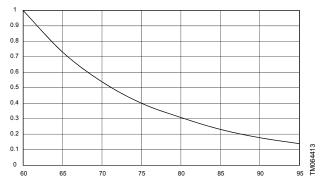


Diagram temperature/expected lifetime for PA 6.6 30 % GF

X-axis Constant liquid temperature [°C]

Y-axis Expected lifetime factor

#### **Related information**

Liquid temperature

# Combination of housings for UPM3S control variants

UPM3 standard	l range	UPM3S										
			PWM		LIN		FLEX AS		AUTO	HYBRID		
Housing		XX-40	XX-50	XX-60	XX-60	XX-40	XX-50	XX-60	XX-60	XX-60		
	15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Cast iron CED, PN 10	25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	N 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
Stainless steel,	N 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
PN 10	N 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	N 32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		
	GGES3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	GGBP3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	GGMBP3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	GGAOS3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CIL3 PA 6.6	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CES3	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CIAO2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
Composite PA	CIAO2 AC	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
6.6, PN 3	CACAO	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CESAO1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CESAO2	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CESAO3 (coming soon)	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CESAO4	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	AOKR	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				
	CAOD	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				

# Combination of housings for UPM3 control variants

UPM3 standard range										UF	PM3							
			P\	νм		LIN	F	LEX	AS	AL	ло		SOLAR		DHV	/	HY	BRID
Housing		XX-50	09-XX	XX-70	XX-75	XX-75	XX-50	XX-70	XX-75	XX-50	XX-70	XX-75	XX-10 5 XX-14 5	XX-20	XX-50	XX-70	XX-50	09-XX
	15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•				-	•	•
Cast iron CED,	25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•
PN 10	25 x 180 mm	•	٠	٠	٠	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•					•	•
	32 x 180 mm	•	•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	٠
Cast iron CED,	S 15 x 130 mm												• •					
PN 10, for	S 25 x 130 mm												• •					
SOLAR	S 25 x 180 mm												• •					
Stainless steel, PN 10	N 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
	N 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	٠	•	•	•
	N 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	٠	•	•	•
	N 32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•
PPS, PN 10	CIL3 PPS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•					•	•	•		
	GGES3		•	٠	٠	•	•	•	•			•						
	GGBP3		•	•	•	•												
	GGMBP3		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	GGAOS3		•	•	٠	•	•	•	•			•						
	CIL3 PA 6.6		•	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠			•						
	CES3		٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠			•						
	CIAO2		٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠			•						
Composite PA 6.6, PN 3	CIAO2 AC		٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠			•						
0.0, PN 3	CACAO		٠	٠	٠	•	•	•	٠			•						
	CESAO1		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CESAO2		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CESAO3 (coming soon)		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	CESAO4		•	•	•	•	•	•	•			•						
	AOKR		•	•	٠	•	•	•	•			•						
	CAOD		•	•	٠	•	•	•	•			•				-		

# Combination of housings for UPM3L control variants

UPM3 standard	l range			UPM3L		
		PWM	LIN	FLEX AS	AUTO	HYBRID
Housing		XX-75	XX-75	XX-75	XX-70	XX-70
	15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
Cast iron CED,	25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
PN 10	25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	N 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
Stainless steel,	N 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•	•	•
PN 10	N 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
	N 32 x 180 mm	•	•	•	•	•
PPS, PN 10	CIL3 PPS	•	•	•		
	GGES3	•	•	•		
	GGBP3	•	•	•		
	GGMBP3	•	•	•		
	GGAOS3	•	•	•		
	CIL3 PA 6.6	•	•	•		
	CES3	•	•	•		
	CIAO2	•	•	•		
Composite PA	CIAO2 AC	•	•	•		
6.6, PN 3	CACAO	•	•	•		
	CESAO1	•	•	•		
	CESAO2	•	•	•		
	CESAO3 (coming soon)	•	•	•		
	CESAO4	•	•	•		
	AOKR	•	•	•		
	CAOD	•	•	•		

# Combination of housings for UPMO control variants

UPM3 standard	range	UPMO									
Housing		XX-50	XX-60	XX-70							
Cast iron CED,	O 15 x 130 mm	•	•	•							
PN 10, for	O 25 x 130 mm	•	•	•							
UPMO	O 25 x 180 mm	•	•	•							

# 10. Installation

# **Pumped liquids**

The pump must not be used for circulation of flammable liquids such as diesel oil and petrol.

Risk of malfunction or damage when inhibitors or additives are added to the pumped liquids.

The pump is suitable for the following liquids:

- Clean, thin, non-aggressive and non-explosive liquids, not containing solid particles or fibres.
- In heating systems, the water must meet the requirements of accepted standards on water quality in heating systems, for example the German standard VDI 2035.
- The pH must be between 8.2 and 9.5. The minimum value depends on the water hardness and must not be below 7.4 at 4 °dH (0.712 mmol/l).
- The electrical conductivity at 25 °C must be ≥ 10 microS/cm.
- Mixtures of water with antifreeze media such as glycol with a kinematic viscosity lower than 10 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (10 cSt). When selecting a pump, the viscosity of the pumped liquid must be taken into consideration. If the pump is used for a liquid with a higher viscosity, the hydraulic performance of the pump is reduced.
- Solar media as used in typical solar thermal systems containing up to 50 Vol % of antifreeze media.
- For drinking water systems, approved housings must be used, such as CIL3 PPS or stainless steel N. These pumps and their components in contact with water are approved by WRAS (GB), ACS (FR), KTW (DE) and DIN DVGW W270 (DE).
- In domestic hot-water systems, the pump must be used only for water with a degree of temporary hardness of less than 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH). To avoid lime problems in hard waters, the medium temperature must not exceed 65 °C.
- The water quality of test beds for the final production tests of complete heating appliances including pump must be observed to avoid calcification or biofilm formation during a longer storage period.

# Ambient temperature

The ambient temperature must not exceed 70  $^{\circ}$ C (measured in a distance of not more than 5 cm in front of the front foil at its lower edge). The ambient temperature of UPM3L must not exceed 55  $^{\circ}$ C.

# **Relative humidity**

IP44: The relative humidity must not exceed 95 % in a non-condensing environment.



The dew point of the air at ambient temperature should always be lower than the liquid temperature, otherwise condensation may form in the stator housing. K-Version/IPX4D: Condensation is acceptable.

# Storage temperature

-40 to +75 °C.

# Liquid temperature

**Note:** For further lifetime evaluation, the temperature profile must be defined.

UPM3 with cast iron or stainless-steel housing:

- max. 110 °C at 70 °C ambient temperature
- max. 130 °C at 60 °C ambient temperature

The above mentioned temperature ranges do not take temperature limitations of the drinking water approvals into account.

UPM3 with composite housing (PA 6.6): max. 95 °C UPM3L: max. 95 °C at 55 °C ambient temperature UPM3, IP44 above dew point of ambient air: min. 2 °C UPM3, IP4XD as K version with drain hole: min. -10 °C

#### **Related information**

Overview of operating panel control modes Expected lifetime of composite PA6.6 housings

# Inlet pressure

To avoid cavitation noise and damage to the pump bearings, the following minimum pressures are required at the pump inlet port.

Liquid temperature	75 °C	95 °C	110 °C
Pressure	0.005 MPa	0.05 MPa	0.108 MPa
Flessule	0.05 bar	0.5 bar	1.08 bar

# Storing and transporting the product

- Observe the permissible ambient conditions.
- Protect the storage location from rain, humidity, condensation, direct sunlight and dust.
- Maximum storage time (without power supply): 2 years from delivery.
- Use appropriate lifting and transporting devices.
- Observe the maximum stacking height of pallets.

Non-observance of the safety instructions may have dangerous consequences for persons, the environment and the product.

Installatior

Installation

# Mechanical installation



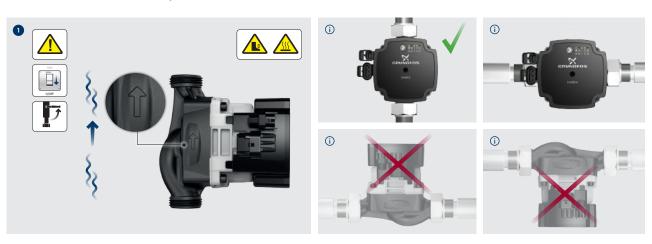
Mechanical installation must be carried out by trained persons in accordance with local regulations.

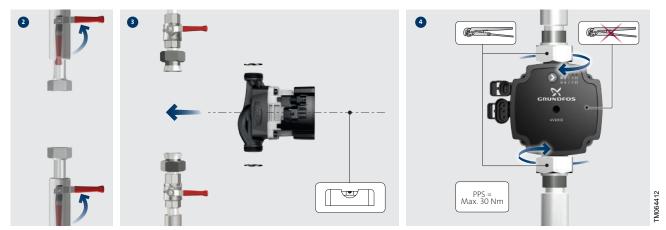
The pump must always be installed with horizontal motor shaft within  $\pm$  5 °.



Arrows on the pump housing indicate the liquid flow direction through the pump. The pump is designed to be installed with horizontal shaft pumping upwards, downwards or horizontally. For mounting dimensions, see the data sheets.

- The pump must be installed in the system in such a way that no major amount of air flowing through or gathering in the pump housing affects the pump when it is out of operation.
- If an additional non-return valve is installed in the flow pipe, there is a high risk of dry-running, because the air cannot pass the valve.
- It must be possible to vent the system at the highest part of each system segment.
- Permanent venting is recommended.





Mechanical installation

# Control box positions

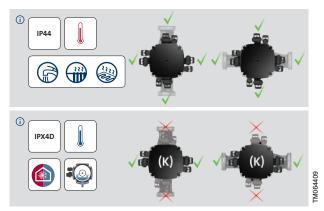
The control box gives access to the terminals from the front. If necessary, you can turn the control box in steps of 90 degrees:

- 3 o'clock
- 6 o'clock
- 9 o'clock
- 12 o'clock.

As standard, the operating panel is in the top position (12 o'clock) when the terminals are in 9 o'clock position. The front foil can be placed in four different positions. This allows you to place it in a horizontal position no matter the orientation of the control box.

bserve the following:

- IP44 versions without drain holes: All positions are allowed.
- IPX4D versions with drain holes (UPM3K, UPM3 SOLAR): The drain hole must point downwards after installation. Only connector positions to the side are possible.



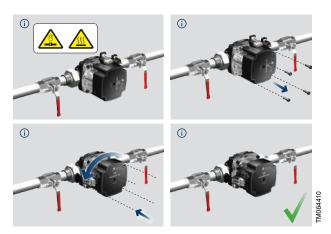
# Changing the control box position

- 1. Remove the screws that hold the pump head.
- 2. Turn the control box into the desired position.
- 3. Fit the screws.
- 4. Tighten the new screws securely.

The nameplate position cannot be changed.



Before dismantling the pump, drain the system or close the isolating valves on either side of the pump.



Changing the control box position

# Insulation

When insulating the pump, the front plate of the control box must not be covered in order to allow cooling by the surrounding air.

If the pump is installed inside a cabinet, a boiler or a heating kit encapsulated with insulation shells, the inside air temperature has to be measured and it must not be higher than 70  $^{\circ}$ C during operation.



Insulation of a pump

# Preventing the pump from blocking

To prevent the pump from blocking, do as follows:

- 1. Once installation is complete, the pump must run for two hours to vent the system.
- 2. Make sure that the pump runs for a period of time every day.

Installation

# 11. Electrical installation



# DANGER

Electric shock Minor or moderate personal injury

Before starting any work at the pump, switch off the power supply. Make sure that the power supply cannot be switched on accidentally.



All electrical connections must be carried out by a qualified electrician in accordance with local regulations.



The pump is not a safety component and cannot be used to ensure functional safety in the final appliance.

- The pump requires no external motor protection.
- Check that the supply voltage and frequency correspond to the values stated on the nameplate.
- The pump must not be used with an external speed control which varies the supply voltage.
- If an earth leakage circuit breaker is used, check which type it is.
- If an external relay is used, check if it can stand the inrush current.

# Supply voltage

1 x 230 V + 10 %/- 15 %, 50/60 Hz.

The pump is externally controlled via PWM signal, LIN bus signal or internally speed-controlled by a frequency converter. Therefore, the pump must not be used with an external speed control which varies the supply voltage for example phase-cut or pulse-cascade control.

# Reduced supply voltage

The pump operation is ensured above 160 VAC with reduced performance.

#### Pumps with PWM and LIN bus control

If the voltage falls below 190 VAC, a low voltage warning is sent via the PWM or LIN bus signal.

If the voltage falls below 160 VAC, the pump stops and a low voltage alarm is sent via the PWM or LIN bus signal.

#### Pumps in internal control mode

If the voltage falls below 160 VAC, the pump stops and shows an alarm.

# Earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB)



**Electric shock** Death or serious personal injury

In case of an insulation fault, the fault current may be a DC or pulsating DC. Observe national legislation about requirements for and selection of Residual Current Device (RCD) when installing the pump.

# Leakage current

The pump mains filter will cause a leakage current to earth during operation.

Leakage current: < 3.5 mA.

# High-voltage test

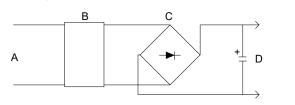
All Grundfos pumps are tested with 1000 VAC for 1 second according to EN 60335-1 Annex A.

ECM pumps incorporate filter components (including Y capacitors) that are connected to protective earth. The capacitors are class Y2 film capacitors with normal requirements. Every high-voltage test exposes the Y capacitors to high voltage.

The voltage level and the amount of tests should be as low as possible, in order to grant longest lifetime in the market. Additional standard high-voltage tests of the complete pump including filter should be avoided to eliminate the risk of filter damage.

# Inrush current

All electronic pumps contain electronic units that must be protected by filters, including capacitors and ECM pumps frequency converters with AC/DC rectifiers containing capacitors, to equalize the waves. This is not the case in most asynchronous pumps.



Rectification of VAC voltage to DC voltage

Pos.	Description
А	Mains
В	EMC filter
С	Rectifier
D	Bulk capacitor

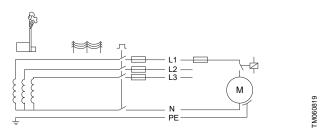
The load of electronically commutated motors (ECM) behaves as a capacitive load and not as a motor load like in a standard pump.

At start, the capacitor is unloaded. Hereby the amplitude of the current peak depends on the grid impedance, until the capacitor is charged. The faster the capacitor is charged, the higher amplitude, and the faster the pump can be started. After this period of time, the current will drop to the rated current.

**Definition:** Inrush current is the current peak charging the capacitors in the electronics when the supply voltage is connected.

**Note:** When discussing measurements, it is important to refer to the same method. Since 2007, Grundfos uses the IEC 61000-3-3 Annex B method for measuring inrush current.

The inrush current peak charges the bulk capacitor to 325 VDC as fast as the power grid allows. That shows that inrush current is not only depending on the integrated electronics but as well on the impedance of the grid.



If you use a relay to switch the power supply of the pump, you risk excessive wear on the relay contact surface. To avoid such problems, there are various external and internal solutions.

# External solutions in the controller of the appliance unit

- Specific relays with silver tin oxide (AgSnO<sub>2</sub>) inrush relay contacts.
- Switching at ZERO crossing.
- Standby operation pump only switches via the PWM signal.

## Internal solutions in the pump

- NTC resistor in the power input circuit (passive)
- Bypass relay with PTC resistor or solid state inrush reduction controlled by the electronics (active)

UPM3 pumps are available with different hardware:

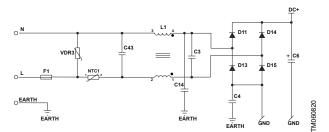
#### Related information

TM060822

NTC resistor (passive option) Relay and PTC (active - standard for UPM3 HYBRID variants)

# NTC resistor (passive option)

We recommend that you use this option for pumps that are permanently connected to the grid and switched on/off by external PWM signal.



#### NTC option

At startup the operating temperature of the pump including the NTC resistor is cold. In this situation the NTC resistor has a high resistance and is able to limit the inrush current down to  $\sim$  10 A.

During operation the operating temperature of the pump including NTC resistor is hot. There is no inrush current but the NTC resistance decreases so that the loss is limited.



At restart, the operator must ensure that the NTC resistor has been cooled down so that efficient operation is guaranteed. Normally, it takes 1 minute to cool down the resistor.

When the power supply to the pump is switched on and off via an external relay, you must ensure that the contact material of the relay is able to handle higher inrush currents.

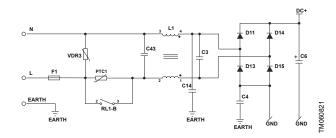
#### **Related information**

#### Internal solutions in the pump

Relay and PTC (active - standard for UPM3 HYBRID variants)

# Relay and PTC (active - standard for UPM3 HYBRID variants)

We recommend that you use this option for pumps that are not in permanent operation and can be interrupted by a relay of the controller of the appliance.



#### Relay

At startup the relay is open. In this mode the PTC resistor is able to limit the inrush current down to a level of approximately 4 A.

During operation the relay is closed. In this mode the resistor is by-passed so that efficient operation is guaranteed.



The inrush current is measured on a flicker network according to IEC 61000-3-3:1994 + A1, + A2, Annex B.

#### **Related information**

Internal solutions in the pump

NTC resistor (passive option)

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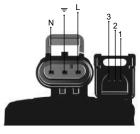
# **Control box connections**

All UPM3 control boxes have 2 electrical connections on one side: power supply and signal connection. If the signal connection is not needed (e.g. UPM3 AUTO (L)), it can be covered by a blind plug (available as an accessory). This is not mandatory for safety reasons.

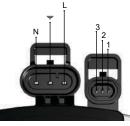


Signal connection and power connection

Pos.	Description
A	Signal connection
В	Power connection



Connections FCI

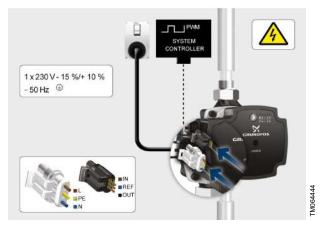


Connections Mini SS

Contact	PWM	LIN	Cable
1	PWM input	VBAT	Brown
2	Signal reference	Signal reference	Blue
3	PWM output	LIN bus signal	Black



Control box without signal connection



Control box with Mini SS connection

# Power supply connection

The pump must be connected to the power supply with the TE Superseal connector. Adapters are available for cables with Molex or Volex connectors.

# **TE Superseal power connector**



TE Superseal power connector

Reliability

TM064407

TM068062

FM064416

- Temperature-proof and fireproof glow wire
- Waterproof •

# Safety

Additional locking latch with pull-out force > 100 N •

Lock can only be opened with a screwdriver Availability

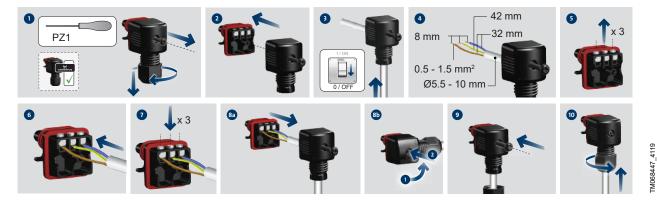
Worldwide as TE standard

TM064415



# Superseal installation plug

The Grundfos Superseal installation plug can be used to mount a supply cable locally. The Superseal installation plug incorporates cable relief and a locking function for securing the connection of the supply cable. The cover of the Superseal installation plug can be mounted in two different positions, with the cable relief away from the pump or in parallel.



Superseal installation plug

# **Control signal connection**



Connect the signal wires to the correct poles. Otherwise the pump might be damaged.

UPM3 pumps are externally speed-controlled. A signal cable is required to enable the pump control. Otherwise the pump with profile A runs continuously at maximum speed, the pump with profile C stops.

UPM3 HYBRID pumps are either internally or externally speed-controlled.

If you set the pump to external control mode (PWM A or C profile) via the operating panel, you need a signal cable. If you set the pump to internal control mode, a blind plug is available to close the signal connection. The plug is not required for safety reasons.

The signal cable connection has three leads: signal input, signal output and signal ref. The cable must be connected to the control box either by FCI or TE Mini Superseal connector. The optional signal cable can be supplied with the pump as an accessory.

The cable length can be customised to specific requirements (max. 3 m).

# TE Mini Superseal connector



TE Mini Superseal connector

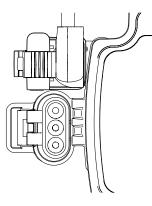
#### Safety

- Additional locking latch with pull-out force > 100 N
- Lock can only be opened with a screwdriver

#### Availability

Worldwide as TE standard.

# Grundfos FCI (for UPER/UPM)



<sup>-</sup>M064418

Grundfos FCI for UPER/UPM

#### **Backwards compatibility**

For replacement of UPER/UPM pumps or in appliances that use FCI plug, e.g. cable trees.

#### Safety

FM064414

Two-part design: separate lock is needed to meet the pullforce requirements > 100 N

FCI signal cable fixed by a separate lock

#### Availability

Many cable suppliers use these cable connections.



# Overview of technical data

Feature	Specification
Nominal supply voltage	EU: 1 x 230 V + 10 %/- 15 %, 50/60 Hz
Minimum supply voltage	160 VAC (runs with reduced performance)
Motor protection	The motor is protected by the electronics in the control box and requires no external motor protection.
Enclosure class	IP44 (standard without drain holes). K-version: IPX4D (with drain holes)
Equipment class	I (EN 60335-1)
Insulation class	F (EN 60335-1)
Temperature class	TF110 at 70 °C ambient temperature UPM3L: TF95 at 55 °C ambient temperature
High voltage protection	EN 60335-1 1000 VAC
Maximum ambient temperature	70 °C at 110 °C or 60 °C at 130 °C. UPM3L: 55 °C at 95 °C.
Maximum media temperature	95 °C for composite housings, 110 °C/130 °C for cast iron housings
Minimum media temperature	2 °C (IP44: above dew point of ambient air). K version: -10 °C.
Storage temperature	-40 to +75 °C
Maximum system pressure	1 MPa (10 bar) (depending on the housing material)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.005 MPa (0.05 bar) at 75 °C liquid temperature 0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature 0.108 MPa (1.08 bar) at 110 °C liquid temperature
Flow estimation	Available depending on the housing, accuracy: see PWM specification
Drinking water approvals (ACS, WRAS, UBA, KTW, DVGW W270)	All pump head components are compliant, except for UPM3S. Specific compliant pump housings are available.
Deblocking device	Manual deblocking device, access from front side
Deblocking software	Continuously restarting with relay after 1.33 seconds, with NTC every 0.3 - 0.4 seconds with max. torque
Dry run ability - first start	3 x 20 seconds (5 minutes interval), all pumps are lubricated with glycerine
Dry run ability - during operation	Rotor can must be filled with water: fulfils EN 60335-2-51
Expected lifetime	> 100,000 h (with specified load profile) > 500,000 on/off cycles
Minimum switching time power on/off	With NTC: 1 minute. With relay: No specific requirements.
Reaction time - power on	With relay: < 2 seconds. With NTC < 1 second
Reaction time - standby	With relay: < 2 seconds. With NTC < 1 second
Reaction time - speed change	< 1 second
Inrush current	With NTC: < 10 A. With relay: < 4 A.
Maximum leakage current	≤ 3.5 mA (EN 60335-1)
Speed range	563 to 5991 min <sup>-1</sup> (depending on the variant)
Relative humidity	Maximum 95 %, non-condensing environment.
Standby power consumption	With relay < 1 W. With NTC < 1 W
Sleep mode power consumption	0.4 W
Surge robustness	With relay/NTC > 3 kV (DM/CM)
RF emissions	-6 dB CE / EN 55014-1,-2
Acoustic sound pressure level (LP)	≤ 32 dB(A) on cast iron housings
Maximum altitude of installation	2000 m above sea level

**Electrical installation** 

# 12. Startup

Before you start the UPM3 pump:

- 1. Mount the pump in the right way.
- 2. Check that the unions are tightened.
- 3. Check that the valves are opened.
- 4. Fill the system and vent it above the pump.
- 5. Check if the required minimum inlet pressure is available at the pump inlet.
- 6. Switch on the power supply.
- 7. If the pump is externally controlled: Check if the external controller sends a signal that controls the speed or that might have stopped the pump.
- 8. If the pump is internally controlled: The pump starts with factory pre-setting (e.g. proportional pressure curve 3). Change the setting if necessary (see *Overview of operating panel control modes*).



Do not start the pump until the system has been filled with liquid and vented.



UPM3 pumps are self-venting and do not have to be vented before startup. Air inside the pump is transported by the liquid into the system shortly after startup.

#### Hint for installers:

- Heating systems must be flushed according to local standards, such as DIN EN 14336 or VOB ATV C DIN 18380, before startup. After filling the system for the first time, the pump must run for approx. 1 hour before a long-term stop.
- Inhibitors and additives increase the risk of malfunction of the pump.
- If filters are installed, they must be monitored and maintained thoroughly.



**Warning:** This appliance can be used by children aged from 8 years and above and persons with reduced physical, sensory or mental capabilities or lack of experience and knowledge, if they have been given supervision or instruction concerning use of the appliance in a safe way and understand the hazards involved. Children shall not play with the appliance. Cleaning and user maintenance shall not be made by children without supervision.

**Hint for OEM customers:** This warning must be available in the local language when placing the product on the market. It is part of the Quick Guides.

55

Startup

# 13. Service

# DANGER

Electric shock Death or serious personal injury

- Before starting any work at the pump, switch off the power supply. Make sure that the power supply
- cannot be switched on accidentally.
  Be aware that capacitors will be live up to 30 seconds after the power supply has been switched off.

# DANGER

## Electric shock

Death or serious personal injury

Before dismantling the complete pump set, switch off the power supply at least 5 minutes prior to commencing work and ensure that it cannot be switched on again unintentionally.

# DANGER

**Electric shock** Death or serious personal injury

- When running in reverse, the pump acts as a
- generator and creates hazardous induction voltage at the motor terminals.Prevent the fluid from flowing back by closing the
- Prevent the fluid from flowing back by closing the shut-off valves.

# WARNING

# Strong magnetic field in the rotor area

Danger of death for persons with pacemaker.Keep a safety distance of at least 0.3 m during disassembly.



#### WARNING Toxic material

Death or serious personal injury

Decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard.



#### CAUTION Hot surface

Minor or moderate personal injury

Before starting to work on the pump, let the pump casing cool down to ambient temperature.



All service work must be carried out by an instructed service technician.



Before dismantling the pump, drain the system, or close the isolating valves on either side of the pump.

# Maintaining the product

UPM3 pumps are maintenance-free. However, it might be necessary to deblock or to open the pump, for example, if it is blocked by impurities.

Deblocking is possible by opening the deblocking screw at the front.

1. Unscrew the deblocking screw at the front of the pump head.



CAUTION Pressurised system Minor or moderate personal injury - Be aware of splashing hot water.

2. Deblock the pump with a screwdriver.

# Cleaning

If the impeller or pump housing has to be cleaned from impurities, proceed as follows:

1. Drain the system or close the isolating valves.



#### CAUTION Pressurised system Minor or moderate personal injury - Be aware of splashing hot water.

- 1. Remove the screws that hold the pump head.
- 2. Check impeller and pump housing and remove the impurities.
- 3. Place the pump head in the desired position, fit the screws and tighten the screws securely.

Service

# 14. Fault finding the product

# Noise in the pump

#### Cause

There is air in the pump.

#### Remedy

• Let the pump run. The pump vents itself over time.

#### Cause

Inlet pressure is too low.

# Remedy

• Increase the system pressure or check the air volume in the expansion tank, if installed.

# Noise in the system

## Cause

There is air in the system.

# Remedy

• Vent the system.

## Cause

Differential pressure is too high.

#### Remedy

• Reduce the pump performance at the pump or external controller.

# Pump is not running, no power supply

#### Cause

System is switched off.

#### Remedy

• Check the system controller.

#### Cause

A fuse in the installation is blown.

#### Remedy

Replace the fuse.

#### Cause

Power supply failure.

## Remedy

Check the power supply.

# Pump is not running, normal power supply

#### Cause

Controller is switched off.

# Remedy

Check the controller and its settings.

#### Cause

Pump is blocked by impurities.

# Fault finding the product

# Remedy

Remove impurities. Deblock the pump from the front of the control box with a screwdriver.

#### Cause Pump is defective.

•

Remedy

Replace the pump.

# Insufficient flow

# Cause

Pump performance is too low.

# Remedy

Check the external controller and the pump settings.

# Cause

Hydraulic system is closed or system pressure is insufficient.

# Remedy

Check the non-return valve and filter. Increase the system pressure.

# Pump runs at maximum speed and cannot be controlled

# Cause

No signal from signal cable.

# Remedy

• Check if the cable is connected to the controller. If it is, replace the cable.

# Fault indication on the operating panel

When an alarm is active, the LEDs indicate the alarm type as defined in the table below. If multiple alarms are active at the same time, the LEDs only show the error with the highest priority. The priority is defined by the sequence of the table.

		Operating par	el				
LED1 red	LED2 green	LED3 yellow	LED4 yellow	LED5 yellow	Indication	Pump operation	Counter action
•				•	Rotor is blocked.	Trying to start again every 1.33 seconds.	Wait or deblock the shaft.
•			•		Supply voltage too low.	Only warning, pump runs.	Control the supply voltage.
•		•			Electrical error.	Pump is stopped because of low supply voltage or serious failure.	Control the supply voltage. Replace the pump.

See also https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cMC02526Z\_s.

Performance curves and technical data

# 15. Performance curves and technical data

# **Curve conditions**

The guidelines below apply to the performance curves:

- Test liquid: airless water.
- The curves apply to a density of 998.21 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and a liquid temperature of +20 °C.
- All curves show average values and should not be used as guarantee curves. If a specific minimum performance is required, individual measurements must be made.
- The curves apply to a kinematic viscosity of 1.004 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (1.004 cSt).
- The conversion between head H [m] and pressure p [kPa] has been made for water with a density of 1000 kg/m<sup>3</sup>. For liquids with other densities, e.g. hot water, the outlet pressure is proportional to the density.
- Curves obtained according to EN 16297.
- Pump variants with PWM signal connection are designed to be speed controlled by an external system controller. Therefore, EEI and P<sub>L,Avg</sub> of the different pump heads (pumps without pump housings) are measured to be in compliance with the Ecodesign requirements of regulation EC/622/2012 with a reference housing in accordance with EN 16297-3.
- It is not obligatory to show P<sub>L,Avg</sub> but it gives an indication on the yearly expectable average power consumption.
- The performance of PWM controlled pumps is measured with A profile (heating) at eight PWM values: 5 % (max.), 20 %, 31 %, 41 %, 52 %, 62 %, 73 %, 88 % (min.).
- C profile curves are measured mirrored with 95 % (max.), 80 %, 69 %, 59 %, 48 %, 38 %, 27 %, 12 % (min.)
- Maximum curves are limited by speed and power
- Variants with two different minimum curves are available: minimum curve A (standard) at approximately 0.1 m and minimum curve J (option) at approximately 1 m.
- Other curves for different control signals or OEM housings are available on request.

# Measured pump head variants

UPM	UPM3S Product mark F		P <sub>1</sub> max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3	
	XX-40	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20	
PWM	M XX-50 GFNHB	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20	
	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20	
LIN	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20	
-					

UPM3S		Product mark	P <sub>1</sub> max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
	XX-40	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20
FLEX AS	XX-50	GFNHB	-	≤ 0.20
XX-60		GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20
AUTO	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20
HYBRID	XX-60	GFNHB	42	≤ 0.20
UP	M3	Product mark	P <sub>1</sub> max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
	XX-60	GFNKB	39	≤ 0.20
PWM	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-75	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
LIN	XX-75	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
FLEX AS	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-75	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
AUTO	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-75	GFNKB	45	≤ 0.20
SOLAR	XX-105	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-145	GFNKB	60	≤ 0.20
	XX-20	GFNKB	11	≤ 0.20
DHW	XX-50	GFNKB	33	≤ 0.20
	XX-70	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
	XX-50	50 GFNKB 33		≤ 0.20
HYBRID	XX-60	GFNKB	52	≤ 0.20
UPN	13L	Product mark	P <sub>1</sub> max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
PWM	XX-75	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
LIN	XX-75	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
FLEX AS	XX-75	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
AUTO	XX-70	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
HYBRID	XX-70	GFNKC	75	≤ 0.20
UPM	0	Product mark	P <sub>1</sub> max. nom. [W]	EEI Part 3
				< 0.00
UPMO	XX-50	GFNKB	39	≤ 0.23

UPMO

XX-70

GFNKC

≤ 0.23

# 16. Accessories

## Power supply Superseal

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Power supply cable Superseal	1000	98460260	200	59200566
	Power supply cable Superseal	2000	98373382	100	59200567
	Power supply cable Superseal	4000	98460271	50	59200568
	Power supply Superseal overmoulded	1000	98460258	200	59200569
	Power supply Superseal overmoulded	2000	98373384	100	59200570
	Power supply Superseal overmoulded	4000	98460259	50	59200571
	Power supply Superseal, overmoulded, angled 90 $^\circ$	1000	98616020	200	59200572
	Power supply Superseal, overmoulded, angled 90 $^\circ$	2000	98616051	100	59200535
	Power supply Superseal, with rubber cap	1000	98664474	200	98677544

## Signal cables

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Signal cable Mini Superseal	1000	98460256	200	59200573
	Signal cable Mini Superseal	2000	98347385	100	59200574
	Signal cable, FCI, 3 wire, with return	1000	96645398	100	59200576
		2000	97940991	100	59200578
	Signal cable, FCI, 2 wire, without return _	1000	98386202	200	59200575
		2000	97698929	200	59200577

#### Power cable adapters

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Superseal Molex cable adapter, overmoulded, with rubber cap	150	98614629	100	59200661
	Superseal Volex cable adapter, overmoulded, with rubber cap	150	98614444	100	59200633

#### Plugs

Picture	Product description	Length [mm]	Product number	Pcs/box	Product number box
	Superseal installation plug	-	99436122	100	99171101
	Signal blind plug, FCI	-	97823485	100	59200643
	Signal blind plug, Mini Superseal	-	98451691	100	59200639
	Signal blind plug, Mini Superseal	-	98451691	500	59200640

Accessories

Accessories

TM068574

# Gaskets

Gasket material	Pump connection	External diameter (D) [mm]	Internal diameter (d) [mm]	Thickness (s) [mm]	Product number
EDPM	G 1	29.5	21	2	504023
EDPM	G 1 1/2	44	32	2	520046
K for drinking water	G 1 1/2	44	32	2	520226
EDPM	G 2	56	40	2	530243
K for drinking water	G 2	56	40	2	530086

# Insulation kits

Insulation kits for warm water applications are available on request. Insulation kits for warm water applications contain two insulation shells. The thickness of the insulation shells corresponds to the nominal diameter of the pump. The insulation kit is tailor-made for the individual pump type and encloses the entire pump housing. Both insulation shells are easy to fit around the pump.

Description	Product number
Insulation shells for UPM3 (1 kit)	98803317
Insulation shells for UPM3 (50 kits)	59200662

Diffusion-tight insulation shells for cold water applications are not available.

# Quick guides, UPM3

Quick guides for different UPM3 variants are available on request.

Description	Product number
UPM3(K)	99754357
UPM3(K) FLEX AS	99754361
UPM3(K) DHW	99754366
UPM3(K) SOLAR	99754359
UPM3(K) AUTO	99754362
UPM3(K) HYBRID	99754355
UPMO	99754368

# Pins, clips, O-rings

Pins, clips, O-rings for the different composite housings are available on request.

# ALPHA Reader

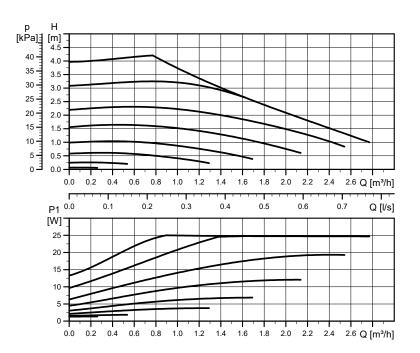


ALPHA Reader is the receiver and transmitter of pump performance data. The unit uses a CR2032 lithium battery. The unit is together with the Grundfos GO Balance app used for balancing heating systems.

Description	Product number
ALPHA Reader MI401	98916967

# 17. Data sheets

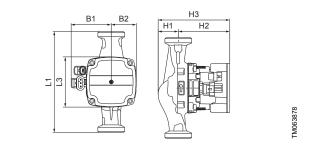
# UPM3S XX-40 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3  $P_{L,avg} \le 12 W$ 

Pump settings								
1 factory preset								
	Electrical data 4	× 220 V/ 50 H-						
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz           Speed         P1 [W]         I 1/1 [A]								
Min.	2		0.04					
Max.	25		0.29					
	Technica	l data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	) at 95 °C liquid protection						
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-40 130 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

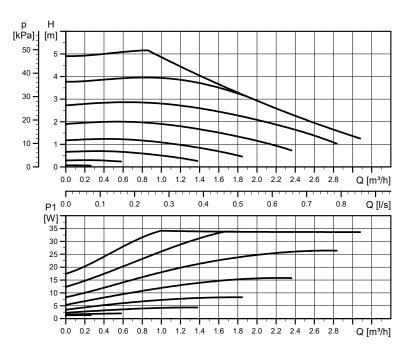
**GRUNDFOS** 

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Data sheets

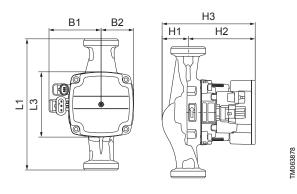
Data sheets

# UPM3S XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 16 W

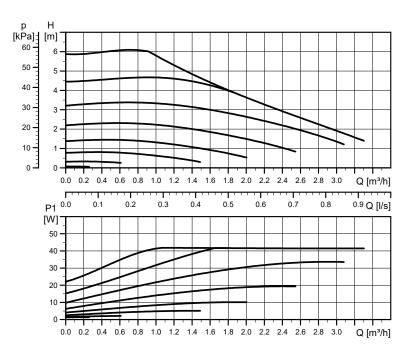
Pump settings									
1 factory preset									
Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz									
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]						
Min.	2	2							
Max.	34	0.36							
	Technica	l data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)						
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	ar) at 95 °C liquid protection							
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE						



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

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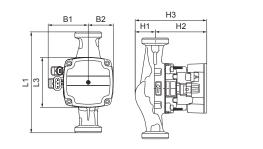
# UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 20 W

Pump settings										
1 factory preset										
	Electrical data, 1 x 230 V, 50 Hz									
Speed	Speed P1 [W] I 1/1 [A]									
Min.	2	0.04								
Max.	42	0.40								
	Technica	l data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing)							
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	bar) at 95 °C liquid protection								
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE							

#### Dimensions

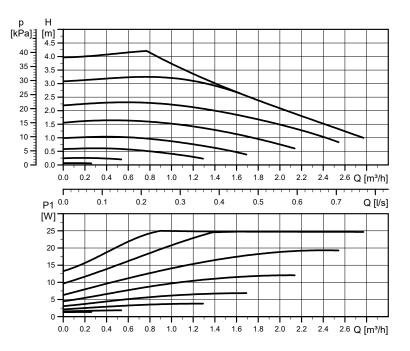


Bump tupo	Dimensions [mm]					Connections	Weight		
Pump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

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TM063878

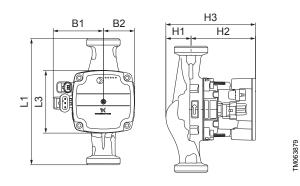
# UPM3S FLEX AS XX-40 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 20 W

Setting	Max. head no	m	Max. P1	nom				
Curve 1	2 m	11 W	11 W					
Curve 2	3 m							
Curve 3	4 m		25 V	V				
	Pump set	ttings						
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC				
3	-	-	-	-				
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [/	4]				
Min.	2		0.04	0.04				
Max.	25		0.29					
	Technica	l data						
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (i conde					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	t 95 °C liquid protection						
Liquid temperature								

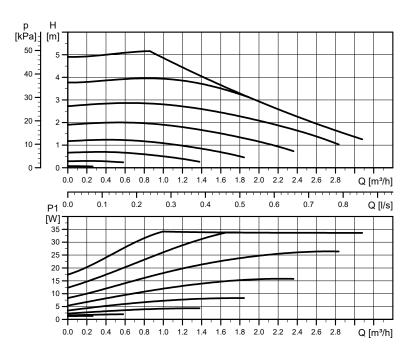
#### Dimensions



Pump type		Dimensions [mm]						Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB).

# UPM3S FLEX AS XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)

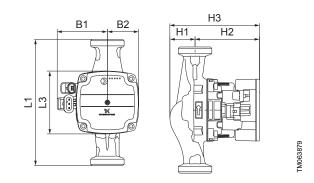


TM068618

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 20 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>		Max. P <sub>1</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>		
Curve 1	3 m	18 V	18 W			
Curve 2	4 m		25 V	V		
Curve 3	5 m		33 V	V		
	Pump se	ttings				
PWM A	PWM C	СР	CC			
3	-	-	-			
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	I <sub>1/1</sub> [/	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04	Ļ		
Max.	33		0.36	3		
	Technica	l data				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 ( conde			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	No ext protec neede	tion			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	2-110 °C (TF110) Approval and marking				

Dimensions



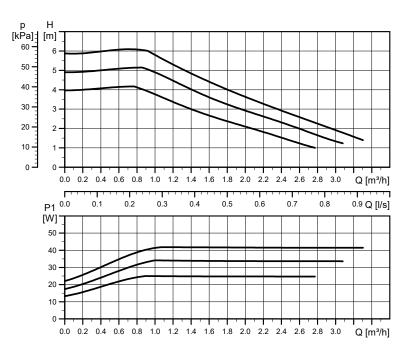
Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB).

**Data sheets** 

Data sheets

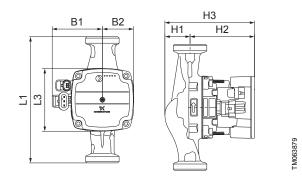
# UPM3S FLEX AS XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3  $P_{L,avg} \le 20 W$ 

Setting	Max. head <sub>nor</sub>	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom			
Curve 1	4 m		25 V	25 W		
Curve 2	5 m		34 V	V		
Curve 3	6 m		42 V	V		
	Pump set	tings				
PWM A	PWM C	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	-		
	Electrical data, 1	c 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W]		l <sub>1/1</sub> [/	4]		
Min.	2		0.04	Ļ		
Max.	42		0.40	)		
	Technical	data				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (i conde			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	No ext protec neede	tion			
Liquid	2-110 °C (TF110)					

Dimensions

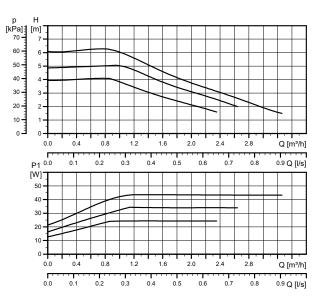


Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3S XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNHB).

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# UPM3S AUTO XX-60 130/180 (N)

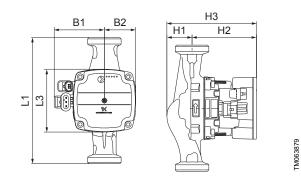


Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure

# EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 16 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom		
Curve 1	4 m	25 W	25 W			
Curve 2	5 m		33 W	,		
Curve 3	6 m		39 W	1		
	Pump se	ettings				
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC		
-	-	3/AA	3			
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 I	Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A	]			
Min.	2		0.04	0.04		
Max.	39		0.40			
	Technic	al data				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	condens K: IPX4[	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	No exter protectic needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	g VDE, CE	E			

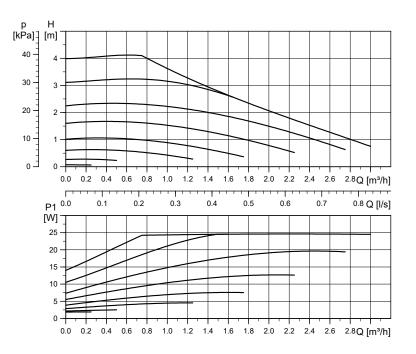
#### Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Pullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

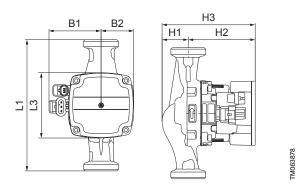
Data sheets

# UPM3(K) XX-40 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 12 W

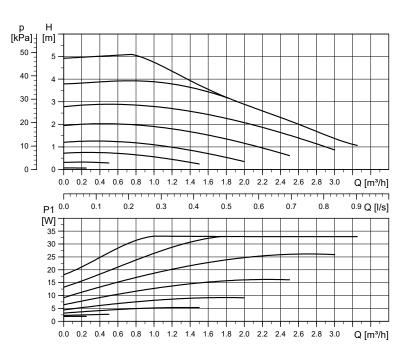
	Pump se	ettings	
	1 factory	preset	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz	
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	Ŋ	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]
Min.	2		0.04
Max.	25		0.29
	Technica	al data	
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch] [kg]	[kg]
15-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-40 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-40 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

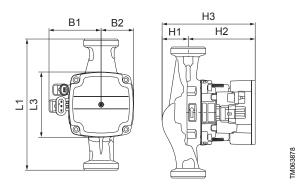
17

# UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 16 W

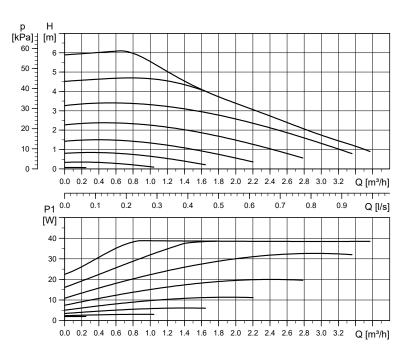
	Pump se	ettings	
	1 factory	preset	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz	
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	Ŋ	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]
Min.	2		0.04
Max.	33	0.36	
	Technica	al data	
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

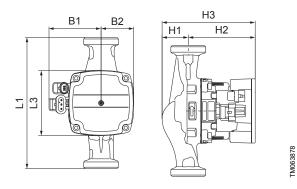
Data sheets

# UPM3(K) XX-60 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)

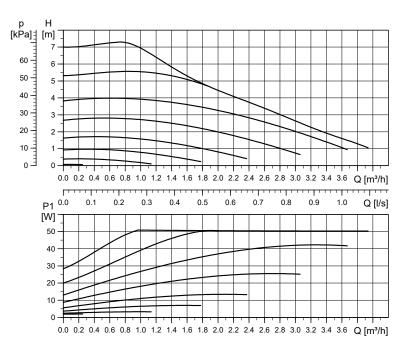


EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 18 W

	Pump se	ettings	
	1 factory	preset	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz	
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	<b>v</b> ]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]
Min.	2		0.04
Max.	39	0.42	
	Technica	al data	
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE



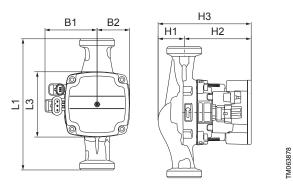
Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight	
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]	
15-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8	
25-60 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9	
25-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0	
32-60 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2	



EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 23 W

Pump settings								
1 factory preset								
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]						
Min.	2	0.04						
Max.	52	0.52						
Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

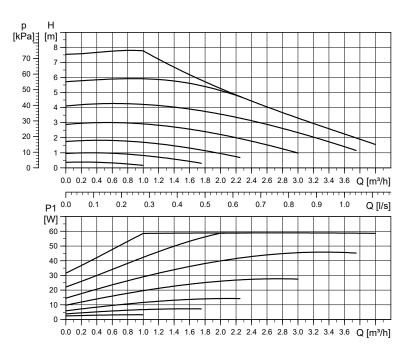
Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight	
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]	
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8	
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9	
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0	
32-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2	

Data sheets

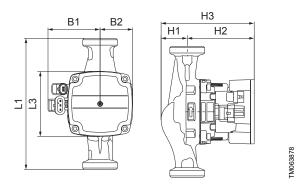
# UPM3(K) XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI: ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 28 W

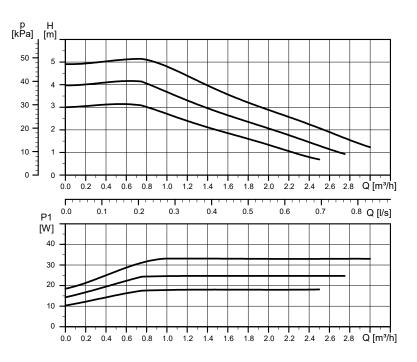
	Pump se	ettings						
	1 factory	preset						
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz						
Speed         P1 [W]         I 1/1 [A]								
Min.	2 0.04							
Max.	60	0.58						
Technical data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE					

#### Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.0

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)

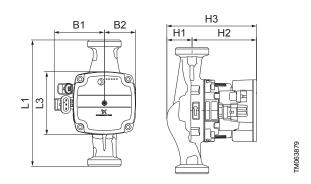


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EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 16 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>						
Curve 1	3 m		18 W	1					
Curve 2	4 m		25 W						
Curve 3	5 m		33 W	1					
Pump settings									
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC					
3	-	-	-						
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz							
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [A								
Min.	2		0.04						
Max.	33		0.36						
	Technica	al data							
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)						
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection needed							
Liquid temperature	+2 °C to +110 °C (TF110)	Approval VDE, CE and marking							

Dimensions

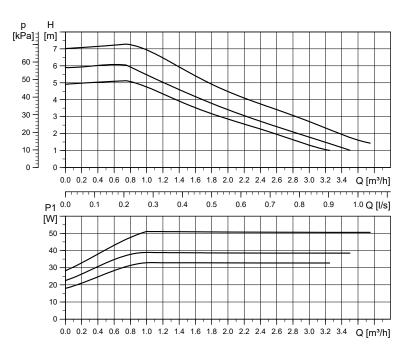


Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

**Data sheets** 

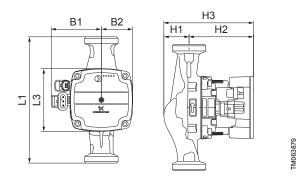
## UPM3(K) FLEX AS XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 23 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom						
Curve 1	5 m		33 W							
Curve 2	6 m		39 W	,						
Curve 3	7 m		52 W							
Pump settings										
PWM A	PWM C	PWM C PP CP								
3	3									
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz								
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]									
Min.	2		0.04							
Max.	52		0.52							
	Technica	al data								
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- sure condensin K: IPX4D (condensin							
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed							
Liquid temperature	+2 °C to +110 °C Approval VDE, ( e (TF110) and marking									

Dimensions

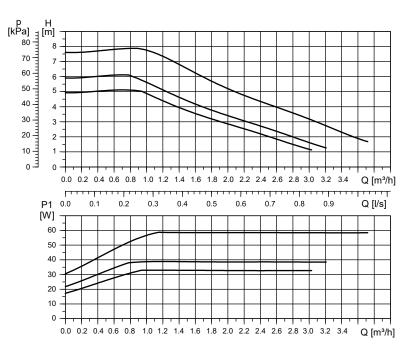


Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	Dimensions [mm]						
Fullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]			
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8			
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9			
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0			
32-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2			

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

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### UPM3(K) FLEX AS XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)

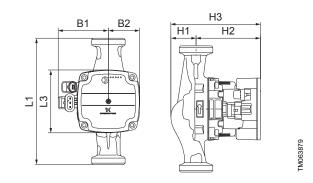


TM063872

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom			
Curve 1	5 m		33 W				
Curve 2	6 m		39 W				
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W				
	Pump se	ettings					
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС			
3	-	-	-				
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [A						
Min.	2		0.04	0.04			
Max.	60		0.58				
	Technica	al data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	nrotection				
Liquid temperature	+2 °C to +110 °C (TF110)	Approval VDE, CE and marking					

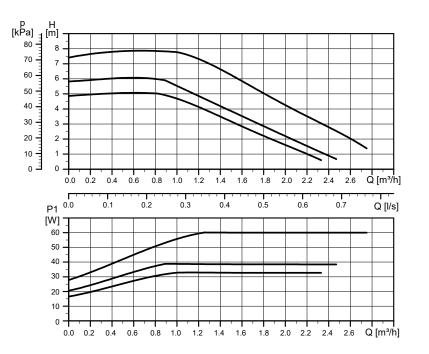
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.0

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

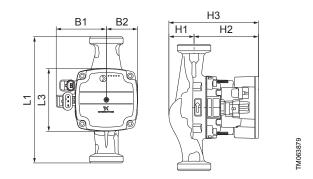
### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CIL3 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>not</sub>	m	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom			
Curve 1	5 m		33 W	1			
Curve 2	6 m		39 W				
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W	1			
	Pump set	tings					
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС			
3							
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]						
Min.	2		0.04				
Max.	60		0.58				
	Technica	l data					
System pressure	PA 6.6: Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar) PPS: Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	(3 bar) Enclosure conde Max. 1.0 MPa class K: IP>					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	E				

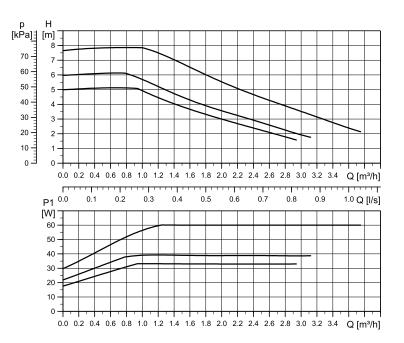
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Pullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CIL3	130	90	72	45	28	96	124	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGES3 (GFNKB)



TM063870

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3  $P_{L,avg} \le 28 \text{ W}$ 

Setting	Max. head no	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom		
Curve 1	5 m		33 W			
Curve 2	6 m		39 W			
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 V	V			
	Pump se	ettings				
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC		
3	-	-	-			
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 H	z			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	/]	l <sub>1/1</sub> [/	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.04			
Max.	60		0.58	3		
	Technica	al data				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid	Motor protection	No exte	on		

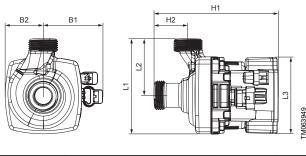
Approval

and marking

needed

VDE, CE

### Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGES3	110	65	90	72	47	141	39	R 1/2 / G 1	2.0

PWM speed curves on request.

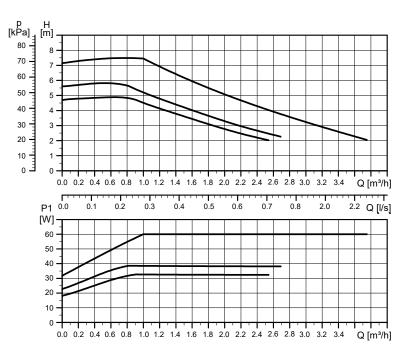
temperature

Liquid

temperature

2-110 °C (TF110)

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGMBP3 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Liquid

temperature

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	CP	CC		
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 H	z		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (no condens K: IPX4[ (condens	ing) )	
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No exter protectio needed		

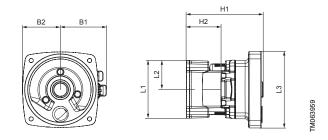
Approval

and marking

VDE, CE

2-110 °C (TF110)

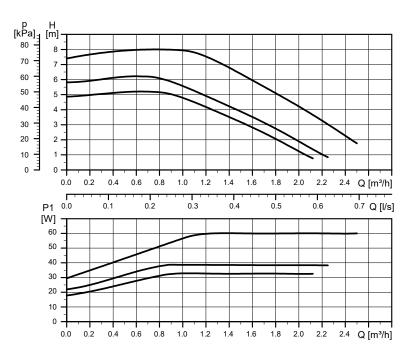
### Dimensions



Pump type		D	Dimensions [mm] Conne						Weight
Fullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGMBP3	93	46.5	90	72	47	114	48.5	19/26	2.2

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGBP3 (GFNKB)



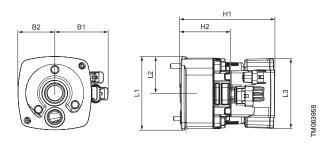
TM063871

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>			
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m	39 W	1		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W	I	
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	СР	CC		
4	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 H	z		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	<b>v</b> ]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [/	4]	
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (no condens K: IPX4I (conden	sing) D	

			(condensing)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE

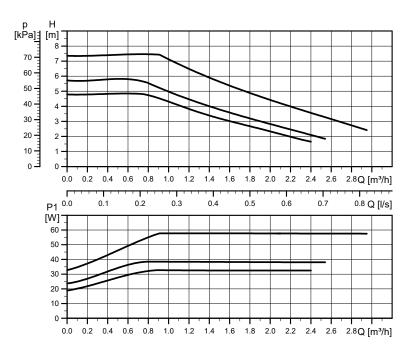
### Dimensions



Pump type		Di	Dimensions [mm] Connections						Weight
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGBP3	117	58.5	90	72	58.5	115	39	2 x 24.5	2.7

PWM speed curves on request.

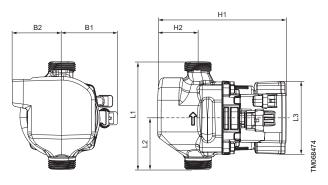
## UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 GGAOS3 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head n	om	Max. P1	nom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
-					
Curve 2	6 m		39 W	/	
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W	1	
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz	:		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	v]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No exter protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE	Ē	

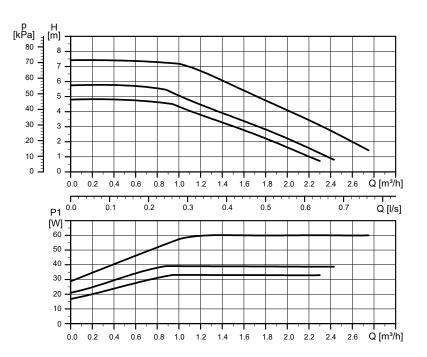
#### Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 GGAOS3	130	62	90	72	58	151	47	R 1/2 / G 1 Rp 3/8	1.8

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CIAO2 (GFNKB)

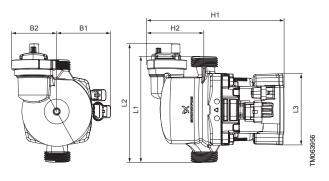


TM063868

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>ne</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1 no</sub>	m	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95) Approval VDE, Cl and marking				

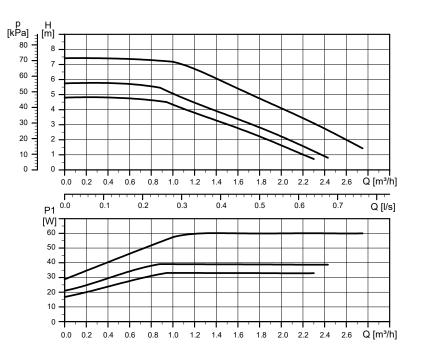
### Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections Weigh		
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]	
15-75 CIAO2	130	148	90	72	55	173	77	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3	

PWM speed curves on request.

# UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CIAO2 AC (GFNKB)

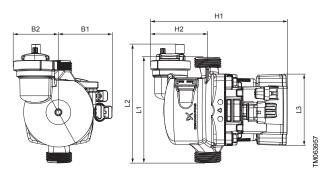


TM063868

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>		Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>		
Curve 1	5 m		33 W	1	
Curve 2	6 m		39 W	1	
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W	1	
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
4	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	VDE, CE	E		

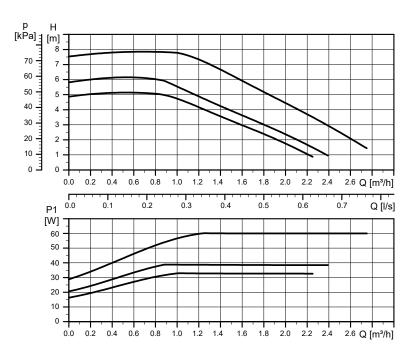
#### Dimensions



Pump type		Di	men	sions	s (mr	n]		Connections	Weight
Pump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CIAO2 AC	130	148	90	72	55	173	77	2 x G 1 + D 10	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CES3 (GFNKB)

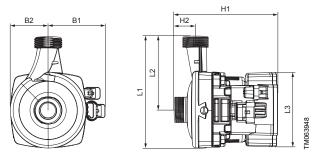


TM063863

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3  $P_{L,avg} \le 28 \text{ W}$ 

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1 n</sub>	iom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	IP44 (r Max. 0.3 MPa (3 <b>Enclosure</b> conder bar) <b>class</b> K: IPX. (conder				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	VDE, CE			

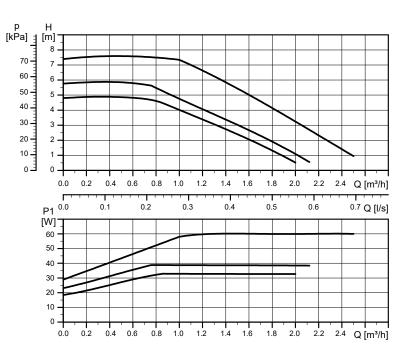
### Dimensions



Pump tupo	Dimensions [mm] Conne	Connections	Weight						
Pump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CES3	132	87	90	72	47	120	25	R 1/2 / G 1	1.2

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CACAO (GFNKB)

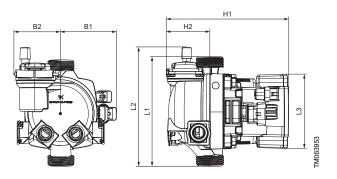


TM063862

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A	1 <b>[A]</b>		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (no condens K: IPX4[ (condens	ing) )	
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	NDE, CE		

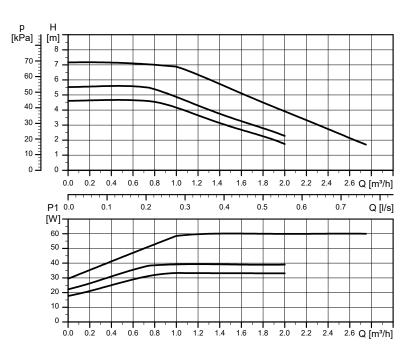
#### Dimensions



Pump type		Di	men	sions	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75								2 x G 1	
CACAO	130	137	90	72	54	144	53	2 x D 14	1.3
CACAO								2 x D 10	

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CESAO1 (GFNKB)

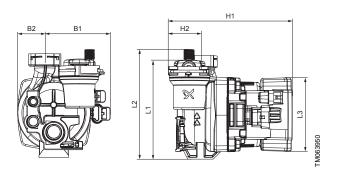


TM063864

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head n		Max. P <sub>1 n</sub>		
-				om	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	Ŋ	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (nor condensi K: IPX4D (condens	ng)	
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

### Dimensions

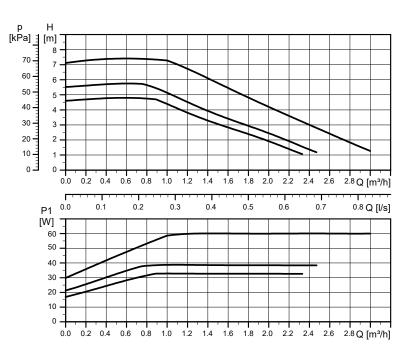


Pump type		Dimensions [mm]						Connections	Weight
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 CESAO1	124	128	90	72	45	144	45	2 x D 18 / D 10 / D 6	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

**Data sheets** 

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CESAO2 (GFNKB)

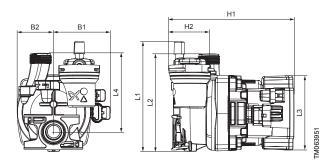


TM063865

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>ne</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 V	V	
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m	60 V	V		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I 1/1 [/	l <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58	3	
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (no condens K: IPX4 (conder	sing) D	
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	VDE, CE			

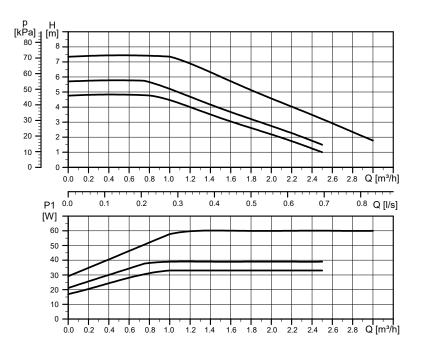
Dimensions



Pump type			Dime	ensio	Connections	Weight				
Fump type	L1	L2	L3	L4	B1	B2	H1	H2	[inch / mm]	[kg]
15-75 CESAO2	138	116	90	87	72	45	144	45	G 3/4 / D 18 / D 10 / D 6	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CESAO4 (GFNKB)

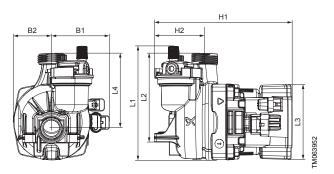


TM063867

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head no	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (no condens K: IPX4[ (condens	ing) )	
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No exter protectio needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	VDE, CE			

#### Dimensions

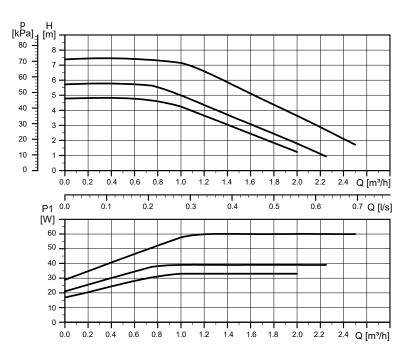


Pump type			Dime	ensio	Connections	Weight				
Fullip type	L1	L2	L3	L4	B1	B2	H1	H2	[inch / mm]	[kg]
15-75 CESAO4	138	126	90	93	88	29	144	45	G 1 / D 18	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

**Data sheets** 

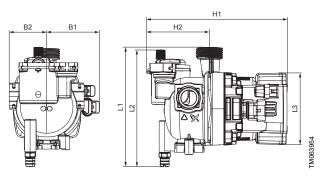
### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 AOKR (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head no	om	Max. P <sub>1 r</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A	1 <b>[A]</b>		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No exterr protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

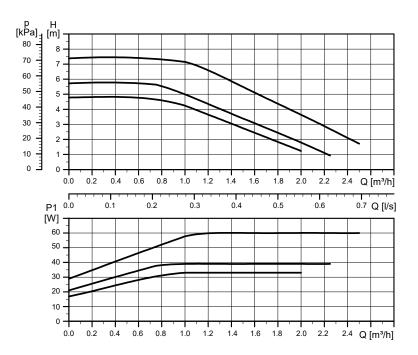
#### Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]							Connections	Weight	
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]	
								G 1		
15-75 AOKR	148	151	90	72	45	172	79	3 x D 28	1.4	
								D 21		

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) FLEX AS 15-75 CAOD (GFNKB)

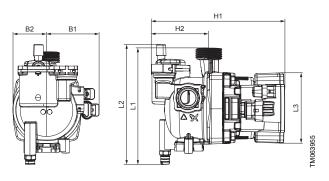


TM064092

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 28 W

Setting	Max. head no		Max. P <sub>1</sub>		
-	Wax. neau no	om			
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7.5 m		60 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	/]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	60		0.58		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 0.3 MPa (3 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (no condens K: IPX4E (condens	ing) )	
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No exter protectio needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

#### Dimensions

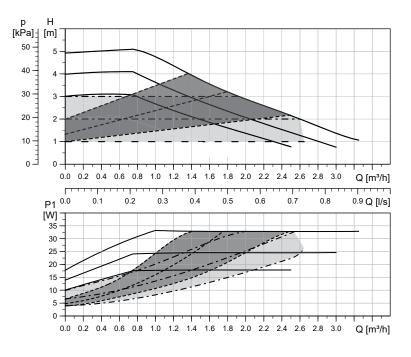


Pump type		Di	men	sions	Connections	Weight			
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
								G 1	
15-75 CAOD	148	151	90	72	45	172	79	2 x D 28	1.4
								D 21	

PWM speed curves on request.

**Data sheets** 

### UPM3(K) AUTO XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



Constant curve Proportional pressure Constant pressure	Line type	Description
		Constant curve
Constant pressure		Proportional pressure
	··	Constant pressure

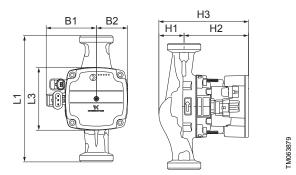
EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL avg ≤ 16 W

P <sub>L,avg</sub> ≤	16 W	

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>			
Curve 1	3 m	18 W			
Curve 2	4 m		25 W		
Curve 3	5 m		33 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
-	-	3/AA	3/AA	3	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	4		0.06		
Max.	33		0.36		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

Dimensions

TM061180



#### Dimensions

Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
r unip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

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### UPM3(K) AUTO XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)

0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.6 Q  $[m^3/h]$ 

0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.6 Q [m³/h]

0.6

0.7

0.8

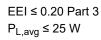
0.9

1.0

Q [l/s]

Dimensions

0.5



р Н [kPa]<u>∃</u> [m]

6

5

P1 <sup>0.0</sup> [W] \_\_\_\_

50 · 40 · 30 · 20 · 10 · 0.1

0.2

0.3

0.4

60

50 -

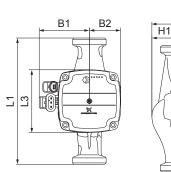
40 4

30 3

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>			
Curve 1	5 m	33 W			
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7 m		52 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
-	-	3/AA	3/AA	3	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	v]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.07		
Max.	52		0.52		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- ure condensin K: IPX4D (condensin		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval VDE, CE and marking			

Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
··	Constant pressure



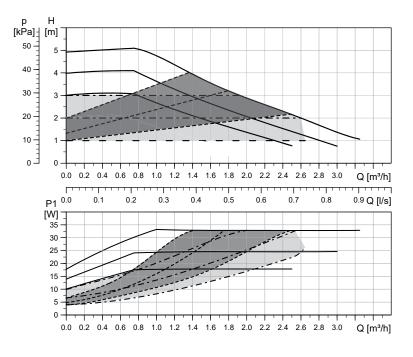




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Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

### UPM3(K) HYBRID XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
_·_·_·_	Constant pressure

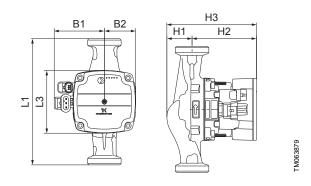
EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3  $P_{L,avg} \le 16 \text{ W}$ 

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom		
Curve 1	3 m	18 W			
Curve 2	4 m		25 W		
Curve 3	5 m		33 W	1	
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	1	3/AA	3/AA	3	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 H	z		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	v]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A	4]	
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	33		0.36		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		

	,		(condensing)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE

Dimensions

TM061180



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
Fullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-50 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-50 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

Data sheets

1 /

### UPM3(K) HYBRID XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)

0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.6 Q  $[m^3/h]$ 

0.0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.2 1.4 1.6 1.8 2.0 2.2 2.4 2.6 2.8 3.0 3.2 3.4 3.6 Q [m³/h]

0.6

0.7

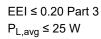
0.8

0.9

1.0

Q [l/s]

0.5



р Н [kPa]<u>†</u> [m]

6

5

P1 <sup>0.0</sup>

0.1

0.2

0.3

0.4

60

50 -

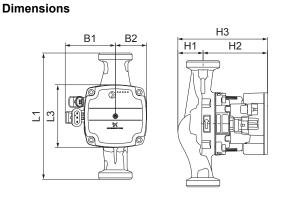
40 4

30 3

Setting	Max. head <sub>r</sub>	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>		
Curve 1	5 m	33 W			
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7 m		52 W		
	Pump s	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
3	1	3/AA	3/AA	3	
	Electrical data,	1 x 230 V, 50 Hz	2		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [\	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	52		0.52		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE		

Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure



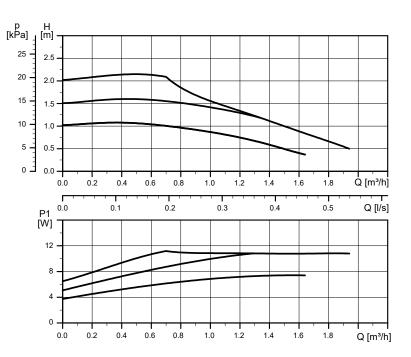


Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
Fullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-70 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-70 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

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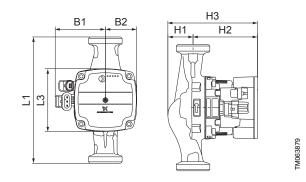
### UPM3(K) DHW XX-20 130/180 N (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 7 W

Setting	Max. head	nom	Max. P <sub>1 r</sub>	iom			
Curve 1	1 m		7 W				
Curve 2	1.5 m		9 W				
Curve 3	2 m		11 W				
	Pump	settings					
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	-			
	Electrical data	, 1 x 230 V, 50	Hz				
Speed	P <sub>1</sub>	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [					
Min.	:	2	0.04				
Max.	1	2	0.14				
	Techn	ical data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class					
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection ne	eeded			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval	VDE, CE, dr water appro				
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	KTW (DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)				

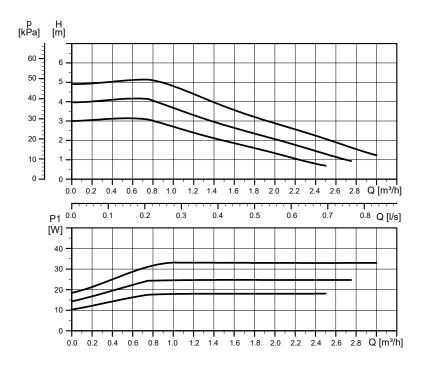
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
25-20 130 N	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.1
25-20 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.2
32-20 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.4

PWM speed curves on request.

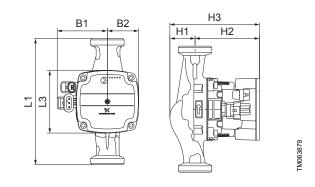
### UPM3(K) DHW XX-50 130/180 N (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 16 W

Setting	Max. head	nom	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>		
Curve 1	3 m		18 W		
Curve 2	4 m	25 W			
Curve 3	5 m	33 W			
	Pump	settings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP CC		
3	-	-			
	Electrical data	, 1 x 230 V, 50	Hz		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub>	[W]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	:	2	0.04		
Max.	3	3	0.36		
	Techn	ical data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external on protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals		
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	KTW (DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)		

Dimensions

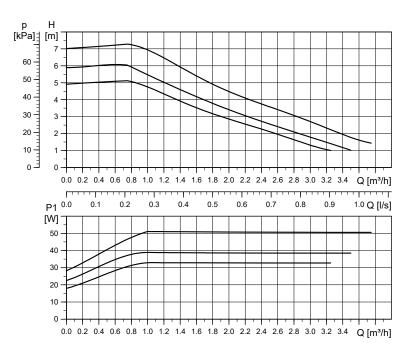


Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
25-50 130 N	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.1
25-50 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.2
32-50 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.4

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

Data sheets

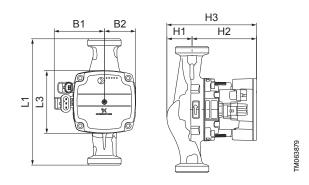
### UPM3(K) DHW XX-70 130/180 N (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 23 W

Setting	Max. head	nom	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>		
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7 m		52 W		
	Pump	settings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
3	-	-	-		
	Electrical data	, 1 x 230 V, 50	Hz		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub>	[W]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	:	2	0.04		
Max.	5	62	0.52		
	Techn	ical data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection ne	eded	
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval	VDE, CE, drinking water approvals KTW		
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	(DE), DVGW W270 (DE), ACS (FR), WRAS (GB)		

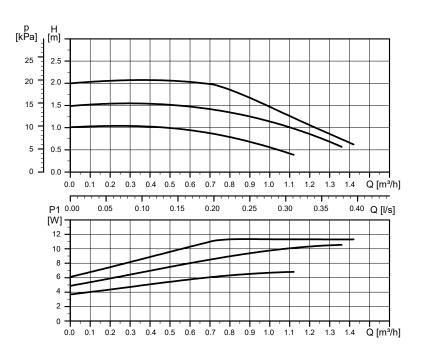
Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
25-70 130 N	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.1
25-70 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.2
32-70 180 N	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.4

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-70 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

# UPM3(K) DHW 15-20 CIL3 PPS (GFNKB)

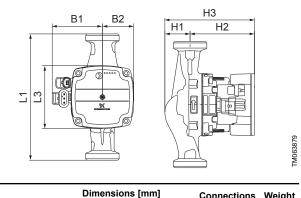


TM064078

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 7 W

Setting	Max. head	d <sub>nom</sub>	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	1 m		7 W		
Curve 2	1.5 m	1	9 W		
Curve 3	2 m		11 W		
	Pump	settings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data	a, 1 x 230 V, 50	Hz		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub>	[W]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A	]	
Min.		2	0.04		
Max.		12	0.14		
	Techr	nical data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection n	eeded	
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval	VDE, CE, d water appro	vals	
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	KTW (DE), DVGW		

Dimensions

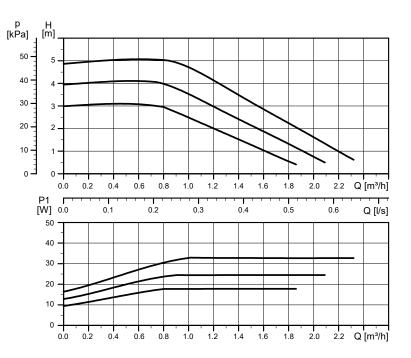


Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
i unp type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-20 CIL3 PPS	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

Data sheets

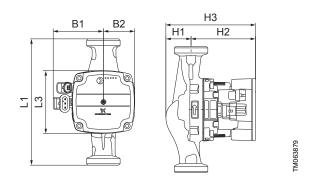
### UPM3(K) DHW 15-50 CIL3 PPS (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 16 W

Setting	Max. hea	d <sub>nom</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 nom</sub>			
Curve 1	3 m		18 W			
Curve 2	4 m	25 W				
Curve 3	5 m		33 W			
	Pump	settings				
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC		
3	-	-	-	-		
	Electrical dat	a, 1 x 230 V, 50	Hz			
Speed	P	ı [W]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.		2	0.04			
Max.		33	0.34			
	Tech	nical data				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)	)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external tion protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval	KTW (DE), DVGW			
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking				

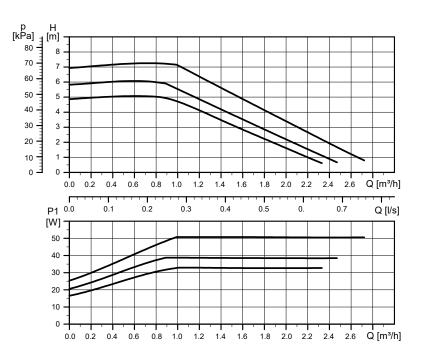
Dimensions



Pump type		Dimensions [mm]						Connections	0
r unip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 CIL3 PPS	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

# UPM3(K) DHW 15-70 CIL3 PPS (GFNKB)

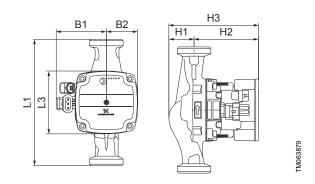


TM064076

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 23 W

Setting	Max. hea	d <sub>nom</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 r</sub>	iom	
Curve 1	5 m		33 W		
Curve 2	6 m		39 W		
Curve 3	7 m		52 W		
	Pump	settings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
3	-	-	-		
	Electrical data	a, 1 x 230 V, 50	Hz		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub>	[W]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A	]	
Min.		2	0.04		
Max.		52	0.52		
	Techr	nical data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF95)	Approval	VDE, CE, dr water appro		
Temporary hardness	Max. 3 mmol/l CaCO3 (16.8 ° dH)	and marking	KTW (DE), DVGW		

Dimensions

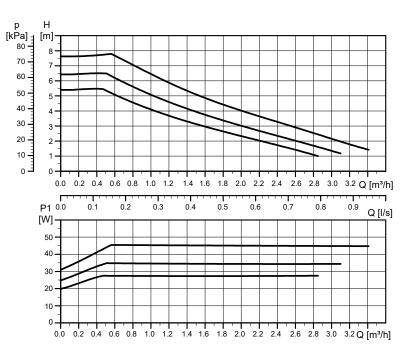


Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	•
rump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 CIL3 PPS	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.3

PWM speed curves on request.

Data sheets

### UPM3(K) SOLAR XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 20 W

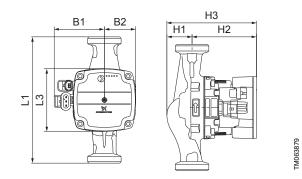
Setting	Max. head <sub>nom</sub>		Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	5.5 m	28 W			
Curve 2	6.5 m	35 W			
Curve 3	7.5 m	45 W			
	Pump setting	gs			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
-	1	-	-	3	
	Electrical data, 1 x 23	30 V, 50 Hz	z		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W]		I 1/1 [/	A]	
Min.	2		0.04	ļ	
Max.	45		0.48	3	
	Technical da	ita			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosu class	re IP>	(4D	
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid protection need				

Approval and VDE, CE marking

2-110 °C (TF110)

Max. 130 °C (60 °C ambient temperature)

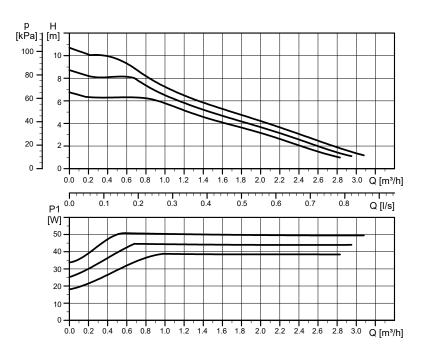
Liquid temperature Dimensions



Pump type		Dimensions [mm]					Connections	Weight	
Fump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

PWM speed curves on request.

### UPM3(K) SOLAR XX-105 130/180 (GFNKB)



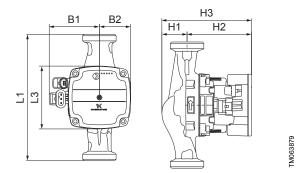
TM063651

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3  $P_{L,avg} \le 22 W$ 

Setting	Max. head <sub>nom</sub>	Ma	x. P <sub>1 nom</sub>				
Curve 1	6.5 m		39 W				
Curve 2	8.5 m	45 W					
Curve 3	10.5 m	52 W					
	Pump setting	gs					
PWM A	PWM C	PP CF	P CC				
-	1		3				
	Electrical data, 1 x 2	30 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W]	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]					
Min.	2		0.04				
Max.	52		0.52				
	Technical da	ita					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IPX4D				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed				
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110) Max. 130 °C (60 °C	Approval and marking	VDE, CE				

ambient temperature)

Dimensions



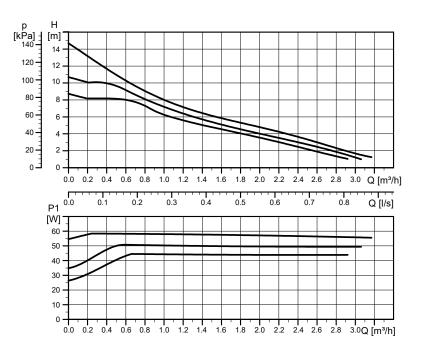
Bump tupo			Dim	ensio	Connections	Weight			
Pump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-105 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-105 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-105 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0

PWM speed curves on request.

**Data sheets** 

temperature

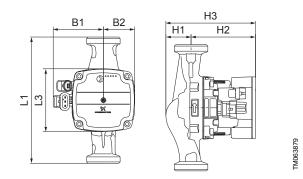
### UPM3(K) SOLAR XX-145 130/180 (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 25 W

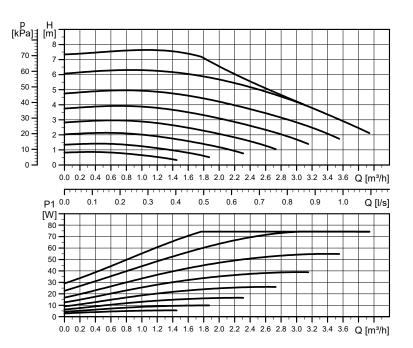
Setting	Max. head <sub>nom</sub>	Ма	x. P <sub>1 nom</sub>			
Curve 1	8.5 m		45 W			
Curve 2	10.5 m	52 W				
Curve 3	14.5 m	60 W				
	Pump setting	gs				
PWM A	PWM C	PP CI	D CC			
-	1		3			
	Electrical data, 1 x 2	30 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [A					
Min.	2		0.04			
Max.	60		0.58			
	Technical da	ita				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IPX4D			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110) Max. 130 °C (60 °C ambient temperature)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

Dimensions



Bump tupo			Dim	ensio	ons [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Pump type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-145 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-145 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-145 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0

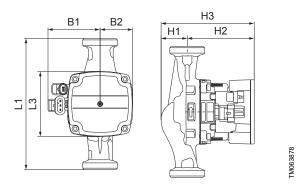
PWM speed curves on request.



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 32 W

	Pump se	ettings	
	1 factory	preset	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz	
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	Ŋ	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]
Min.	2	0.04	
Max.	75	0.65	
	Technica	al data	
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE

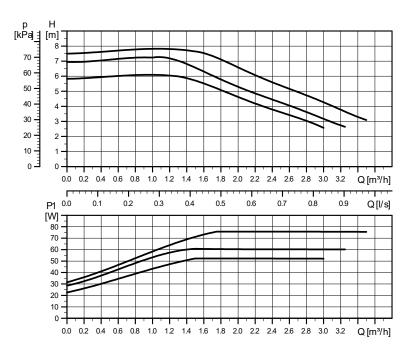
#### Dimensions



Pump type		D	imen	sion	s [m	m]		Connections	Weight
Fullip type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2

**Data sheets** 

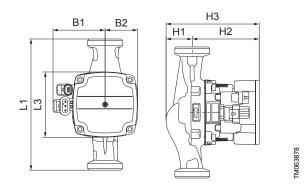
### UPM3L FLEX AS XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKC)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 PL,avg ≤ 32 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	6		52		
Curve 2	7		60		
Curve 3	7.5		75		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	-	-	-	-	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	75		0.65		
	Technic	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-95 °C (TF110)	l VDE, CE			

Dimensions

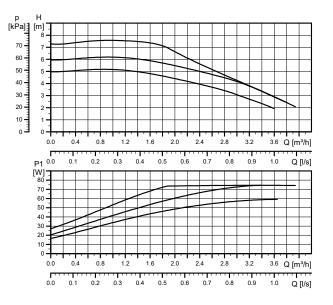


Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight				
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]	
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8	
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9	
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0	
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2	

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3L XX-75 130/180 (N) (GFNKC).

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### UPM3L AUTO XX-70 130/180 (N)

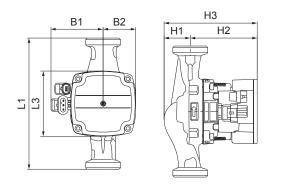


Line type	Description
	Constant curve
	Proportional pressure
	Constant pressure

### EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 32 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>n</sub>	Max. P <sub>1 r</sub>	nom		
Curve 1	5 m	60 W			
Curve 2	6 m		75 W		
Curve 3	7 m		75 W		
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС	
-	-	3/AA	3/AA	3	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz			
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	<b>v</b> ]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	75		0.65		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (non- condensing) K: IPX4D (condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No external protection needed		
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	VDE, CE			

#### Dimensions

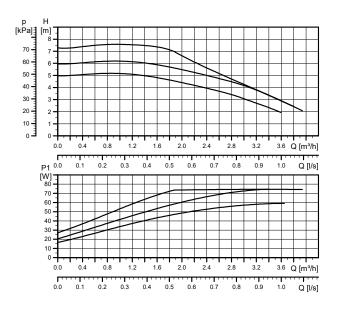


#### Dimensions

	D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight			
L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]
130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2
	130 130 180	L1L3130901309018090	L1L3B1130907213090721809072	L1         L3         B1         B2           130         90         72         45           130         90         72         45           180         90         72         45	L1         L3         B1         B2         H1           130         90         72         45         36           130         90         72         45         36           180         90         72         45         36	130         90         72         45         36         92           130         90         72         45         36         92           130         90         72         45         36         92           180         90         72         45         36         92	L3         B1         B2         H1         H2         H3           130         90         72         45         36         92         128           130         90         72         45         36         92         128           130         90         72         45         36         92         128           180         90         72         45         36         92         128	

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## UPM3L HYBRID XX-70 130/180 (N)

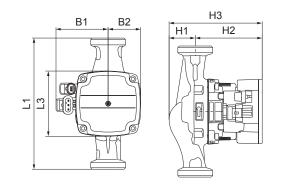


Description
Constant curve
Proportional pressure
Constant pressure

EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 32 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>ne</sub>	om	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom	
Curve 1	5 m		60 W		
Curve 2	6 m		75 W	1	
Curve 3	7 m		75 W	1	
	Pump se	ettings			
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC	
3	3	3/AA	3/AA	3	
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz	:		
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [V	<b>v</b> ]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]		
Min.	2		0.04		
Max.	75		0.65		
	Technica	al data			
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 Enclosure condens bar) class K: IPX4I (conden				
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	No external protection needed			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	VDE, CE	E		

### Dimensions



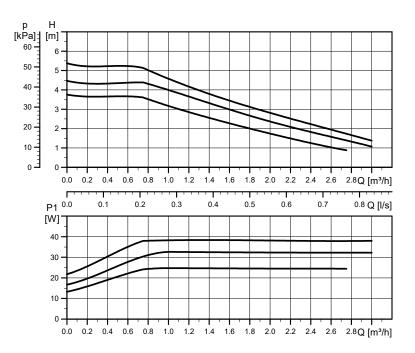
Pump type		D	imen	sion	Connections	Weight				
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	[inch]	[kg]	
15-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8	
25-75 130 (N)	130	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	1.9	
25-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 / G 1 1/2	2.0	
32-75 180 (N)	180	90	72	45	36	92	128	R 1 1/4 / G 2	2.2	

For PWM speed curves, see UPM3(K) XX-50 130/180 (N) (GFNKB).

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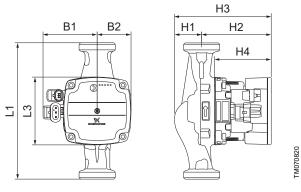
# UPMO XX-50 130/180, UPMO 60 PH (GFNKB)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 20 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom			
Curve 1	3.5 m	24 V	24 W			
Curve 2	4.5 m		32 V	V		
Curve 3	5.5 m		39 V	V		
	Pump se	ttings				
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC		
3	-	-	-	3		
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	I <sub>1/1</sub> [/	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	10		0.11	0.11		
Max.	39		0.42	2		
	Technica	l data				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class		IP44 (non- condensing)		
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature Motor protection neede					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	VDE, 0	CE			

#### Dimensions



Pump			D	imer	Connections	Weight				
type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	H4	[inch]	[kg]
15-50 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8 xx
25-50 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	1.9 xx
25-50 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	2.0 xx
60 PH	-	90	72	47	-	102	-	75.5	-	0.97 xx

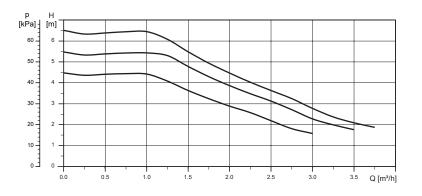
For PWM speed curves contact Grundfos HVAC OEM.

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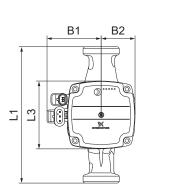
### UPMO XX-60 130/180, UPMO 60 PH (GFNKB)

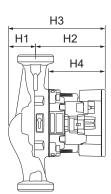


### EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3 P<sub>L,avg</sub> ≤ 25 W

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom			
Curve 1	4.5	32	32			
Curve 2	5.5		39			
Curve 3	6.5		52			
	Pump set	ttings				
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	СС		
3	-	-	-	3		
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz				
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W] I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]					
Min.	4		0.06			
Max.	60		0.58			
	Technica	l data				
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class	IP44 (r conder			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature Motor protection neede					
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE, CE			

#### Dimensions



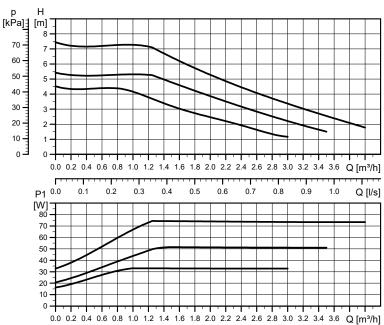


Pump			D	imer		Connections	Weight			
type	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	H3	H4	[inch]	[kg]
15-60 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8
25-60 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	1.9
25-60 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	2.0
60 PH	-	90	72	47	-	102	-	75.5	-	0.97

For PWM speed curves contact Grundfos HVAC OEM.

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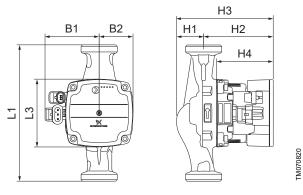
### UPMO XX-70 130/180, UPMO 60 PH (GFNKC)



EEI ≤ 0.20 Part 3  $P_{L,avg} \le 25 W$ 

Setting	Max. head <sub>no</sub>	Max. P <sub>1</sub>	nom				
Curve 1	5 m		32 W				
Curve 2	6 m		51 V	V			
Curve 3	7 m		75 V	V			
	Pump se	ttings					
PWM A	PWM C	PP	CP	CC			
3	-	-	-	3			
	Electrical data, 1	x 230 V, 50 Hz					
Speed	P <sub>1</sub> [W	]	I <sub>1/1</sub> [/	I <sub>1/1</sub> [A]			
Min.	4		0.06				
Max.	75		0.65	5			
	Technica	l data					
System pressure	Max. 1.0 MPa (10 bar)	Enclosure class		IP44 (non- condensing)			
Minimum inlet pressure	0.05 MPa (0.50 bar) at 95 °C liquid temperature	Motor protection	No ext protec neede	tion			
Liquid temperature	2-110 °C (TF110)	Approval and marking	VDE,	VDE, CE			

Dimensions



Pump type	Dimensions [mm]								Connections	Weight
	L1	L3	B1	B2	H1	H2	Н3	H4	[inch]	[kg]
15-70 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R 1/2 / G 1	1.8 xx
25-70 130	130	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	1.9 xx
25-70 180	180	90	72	47	25.5	102	127.5	-	R1 / G 1 1/2	2.0 xx
60 PH	-	90	72	47	-	102	-	75.5	-	0.97 xx

For PWM speed curves contact Grundfos HVAC OEM.

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# 18. Approvals and Certificates

### EU declaration of conformity

We, Grundfos, declare under our sole responsibility that the products marked with GFNHB, GFNKB, GFNKC, GFNJB, GFNJC, GFNJD, GFNJF and GFNJG, to which the declaration below relates, are in conformity with the Council Directives listed below on the approximation of the laws of the EU member states:

- Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU).
   Standard used: EN 60335-1:2012/A11:2014/A13:2017, EN 60335-2-51:2003/A1:2008/A2:2012, EN 62233:2008
- EMC Directive (2014/30/EU) Standards used: EN 55014-1:2017, EN 55014-2:2015, EN 61000-3-2:2014, EN 61000-3-3:2013
- RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU and 2015/863//EU Standard used: EN 50581:2012
- Ecodesign Directive (2009/125/EC) Commission Regulation (EC) No 641/2009 Commission Regulation (EC) No 622/2012

Bjerringbro, 28th of November 2019

Steen Tøffner-Clausen Senior Director - HVAC OEM Grundfos Holding A/S Poul Due Jensens Vej 7 8850 Bjerringbro, Denmark Person authorised to compile technical file and empowered to sign the EC/EU declaration of conformity.

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### **VDE** certificate

These pumps are certified by VDE. Product code: GFNHB, GFNKB and GFNKC. VDE certificate No. 40051307

This Marks Approval forms the basis of the CE declaration of conformity and the CE marking by the manufacturer or his agent and proves the conformity with the essential safety requirements of the EC Low Voltage Directive (2014/35/EU) including amendments.

## EurAsia conformity (EAC) certification

These pumps are certified by EAC and can be marked on request.

### Drinking water approvals

UPM3 pumps for drinking water systems are equipped with stainless steel or CIL3 pump housings. These pumps hold the following approvals:

- ACS (France)
- WRAS (UK):

The metal components of the pumps comply to:

• UBA Evaluation Criteria for Metallic Materials (Germany)

# Grundfos Product Chemical Compliance declaration concerning the non-use of certain chemical substances

GRUNDFOS Holding A/S and its subsidiaries are aware of their responsibilities and are committed not to use hazardous substances in their products.

Grundfos products manufactured and placed on the market within the European Union (EU) and the European Economic Area (EEA) comply with the following EU chemical legislation:

REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006)

Candidate List of SVHC REACH Annex XIV - Authorisation List REACH Annex XVII - Restriction List

- REACH Regulation; Candidate List of SVHC, Restriction List and Authorisation List (EC 1907/2006)
- RoHS directives (2011/65/EU and 2015/863/EU)
- Battery directives (2006/66/EC and 493/2012)
- Packaging and Packaging Waste directives (94/62/EC and 2004/12/EC)
- Ozone Depleting Substances directives (EC 1005/2009 and 2037/2000)
- Persistent Organic Pollutants directive (EC 850/2004)
- IMO (International Maritime Organization/Hong Kong Convention)

Today, Grundfos products are not fully covered by the RoHS directives.

The RoHS directives on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE) will in 2019 apply to all EEE except for the ones explicitly excluded - see in the position paper from Europump what pumps are considered excluded. Reference is made to the position paper from Europump (http://europump.net/publications/position-papers).

Grundfos strives on a voluntary basis to be RoHS-compliant regarding the non-use of certain hazardous substances in Grundfos products.

All suppliers of the raw materials and components to Grundfos Holding A/S and its subsidiaries are under contractual obligation to comply with the European chemical legislation.

To ensure that Grundfos is compliant, we have taken the following initiatives:

• Grundfos has launched the Grundfos Focus List in order to give our suppliers, contractors and other relevant stakeholder worldwide a tool to help comply with chemical legislation. Grundfos has prepared the Grundfos Focus List, which bans or restricts the use of certain chemical substances in Grundfos products, Grundfos production processes and at Grundfos facilities (www.grundfos.com/focus-list)

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- Grundfos has implemented an IT-platform to support the work of securing compliance with the Focus List and a better supplier collaboration to secure a high data quality and reliability.
- Grundfos continuously performs audits of their suppliers to ensure compliance with their contractual obligation to comply with the chemical legislation.
- Grundfos does not accept banned or restricted hazardous substances in their products. It is a standard task in product development projects to ensure that banned or restricted hazardous substances are not used.

## REACH Regulation (EC 1907/2006)

#### Information regarding REACH Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorisation

At Grundfos, we run our business in a responsible and ever more sustainable way. We are committed to creating products and solutions that help our customers and the surrounding world conserve natural resources and reduce climate impacts.

To give our suppliers, contractors and other relevant stakeholders worldwide a tool to help comply with this, we have devised the Grundfos Focus List, which bans or restricts the use of certain chemical substances in Grundfos products, Grundfos production processes and at Grundfos facilities.

The process set-out in Grundfos is to phase out the use of the substances of very high concern (SVHC) from the REACH Candidate List (www.echa.europa.eu/web/guest/candidate-list-table).

With the recent update of the REACH Candidate List of substances of very high concern for Authorisation as of 27.06.2018 where Lead; CAS No. 7439-92-1 has been added, we are making an exemption from our internal procedures, since a timely phase out is not possible.

Lead is only used in applications that are declared as exemptions in the EU RoHS Directive and the purpose of the RoHS Directive is to eliminate risk of harm:

- Copper alloy containing up to 4 % lead by weight (used in fittings, unions etc.)
- Lead as an alloying element in aluminum containing up to 0.4 % by weight (used in very few parts)
- Lead as an alloying element in steel for machining purposes and in galvanised steel containing up to 0.35 % lead by weight (used in very few parts)
- Lead in high melting temperature type solders (used electronic components)

At Grundfos, we are working closely together with our suppliers, and all our suppliers are contractually obliged to comply with the Grundfos Focus List, which is our Restricted Substance List: www.grundfos.com/focus-list.

# Customer information regarding REACH, RoHS and other relevant chemical legislation and Grundfos' Product Chemical Compliance initiatives

GRUNDFOS Holding A/S and its subsidiaries are aware of their responsibilities and are committed not to use hazardous substances in their products.

We have introduced our Restricted Substance List – the Grundfos Focus List – as the backbone in our product chemical compliance work.

All our suppliers are contractually obliged to comply with the Focus List - no matter the placing of the goods.

To improve the compliance work and to improve the quality process linked to this work, we have also implemented a digital platform to not only secure a far better data quality in our work, but also secure a faster response to our customers in this regard.

The digital platform supports our ISO Management System and secures a robust process with a solid quality performance. All our suppliers are also contractually obliged to sign up to the system and provide compliance data within the system.

We comply with the standard EN 50581:2012 and technically document that we comply with the RoHS directives. This standard is also used in regards of all other legislations listed in the Focus List.

Grundfos continuously performs audits of their suppliers to ensure compliance with their contractual obligation to comply with the chemical legislation.

### WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

#### Statement regarding compliance of HVAC OEM pumps with WEEE Directive 2012/19/EU

Grundfos HVAC OEM circulators are delivered to OEM customers exclusively as components for integration into heating and cooling units (e.g. boilers) to be used to manufacture the final equipment. As Grundfos HVAC OEM circulators are designed and placed on the market as a component to be integrated into other EEE, the manufacturer of the full/combined product will be responsible for marking, any weight declaring, and takeback obligations for the full combined EEE under directive 2012/19/EU.

Any WEEE obligations will depend on the OEM customers use of the component. It is the responsibility of the OEM customer to assess whether the use of the component is within the scope of directive 2012/19/EU and if this equipment may or may not be affected by WEEE regulation and it is the responsibility of the OEM to report these volumes if affected.

Grundfos may – on request – mark HVAC OEM circulators with the WEEE crossed out wheelie bin, but this does not imply Grundfos taking any WEEE obligations.

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# 19. Abbreviations

Abbreviation	Explanation					
°dH	Degree of German water hardness, replaced by the SI unit mmol/I. Conversion: 1 °dh = 0.1783 mmol/I					
AC	Alternating current					
ACS	Material safety approval required for materials and products in contact with drinking water in France (Attestation de Conformité Sanitaire)					
AUTO	Internally self-controlled pump mode					
AUTOADAPT	The control curve is automatically adapted to the actual requirements of the respective application.					
сс	Constant Curve, control mode limited by speed and power					
CE	CE marking is a certification mark that indicates conformity with health, safety, and environmental protection standards for products sold within the European Economic Area (EEA).					
CED	Cataphoretic coating (electrophoretically deposited paint, EDP); paintwork with high adhesive strength for long-lasting corrosion protection					
СР	Constant Pressure, control mode for constant differential pressure					
DC	Direct current					
DIN	German institute for standardisation (Deutsches Institut für Normung e.V.)					
DVGW	German association for gas and water (Deutscher Verein des Gas- und Wasserfaches)					
ECM technology	Electronically commutated motor with wet rotor encapsulation and glandless drive for high-efficiency pumps					
EEI	Energy Efficiency Index for pumps, defined by EN 16297					
EN	European standard adopted by CEN, CENELEC or ETSI					
ErP	Directive 2009/125/EC (formerly EuP, Ecodesign Directive 2005/32/EC) establishing a framework for the setting of environmentally-responsible requirements for energy-driven products					
ETL	Electrical Testing Laboratory by Intertek Group plc, certification institute for compliance with North American safety standards					
н	Delivery head of pumps, related to the differential pressure					
IEC	International Electrotechnical Commission for all electrical, electronic and related technologies					
IP	International Protection marking (IEC) or Ingress Protection marking, classifies and rates the degree of protection against intrusion, dust, accidental contact and water provided by mechanical casings and electrical enclosures					
KIWA	European institution for testing, inspection and certification, setting drinking water rules for the Netherlands					
KTW	German quality standard for rubber and plastic components in contact with drinking water (Kunststoffe in Kontakt mit Trinkwasser)					
LIN	Serial communications (bus) protocol (Local Interconnect Network reg. ISO 17987-3)(VDMA 24226 defines protocol for pumps)					
Ν	Stainless-steel housing (NIRO)					
NTC	Thermistor with negative temperature coefficient, used as inrush current limiter					

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Abbreviation	Explanation				
P L, avg	Weighted average power input of a pump on a reference profile reg. EN 16297				
P1	Power consumption (power supply input)				
PN	Pressure class in bar (PN10 = suitable up to 10 bar)				
PP	Proportional Pressure, control mode for variable differential pressure				
PWM	Digital low-voltage control signal with pulse-width modulation for external control (VDMA 24244 defines control signals for wet-runner circulating pumps)				
Q	Volume flow in hydronic systems				
REACH	Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (EC 1907/2006)				
RoHS	Restriction of Hazardous Substances Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS1) (European directive on the restriction of the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment)				
TF	Temperature classification of circulation pumps reg. EN 60335-2-51				
UL	Certification institute for compliance to North American safety standards (Underwriters Laboratories)				
UBA	German Environment Agency (Umweltbundesamt), defines mandatory evaluation criteria for materials and substances that come into contact with drinking water				
VBAT	Supply voltage of bus signal (Voltage of Battery)				
VDC	Analog low-voltage-signal 0-10 V DC input for external control				
VDE	German association of electrotechnology, electronics and information technology (Verband der Elektrotechnik, Elektronik und Informationstechnik)				
VDI	Association of German engineers (Verein Deutscher Ingenieure)				
VDMA	Mechanical engineering industry association in Germany (Verband Deutscher Maschinen- und Anlagenbau)				
VOB	German regulation on conditions for the award and conclusion of works contracts (Vergabe- und Vertragsordnung für Bauleistungen)				
WEEE	European Community Directive 2012/19/EU on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment				
WRAS	Water Regulation Advisory Scheme for drinking water treatment devices in the UK and Northern Ireland				

Abbreviations

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